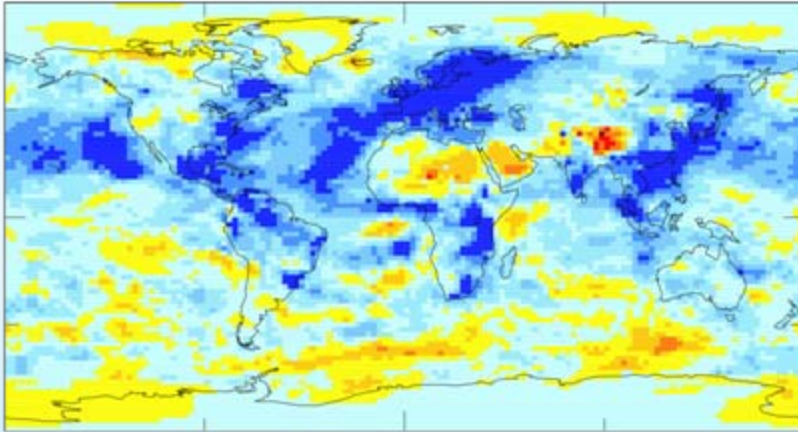
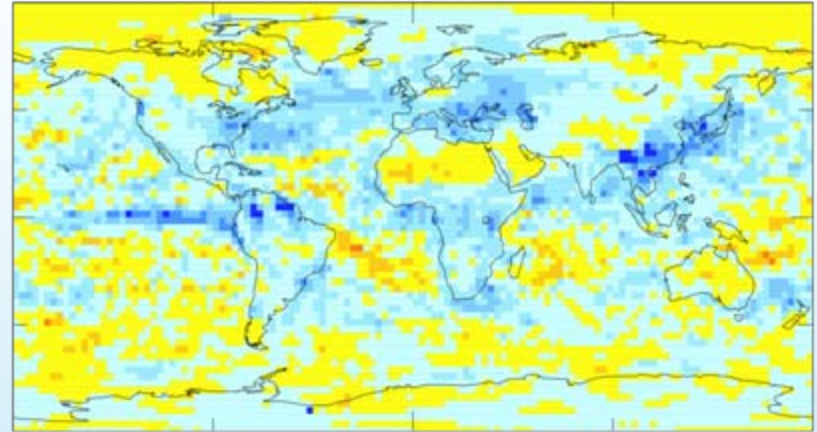


20th Century AR4 Aerosol Radiative Forcing (W/m²)

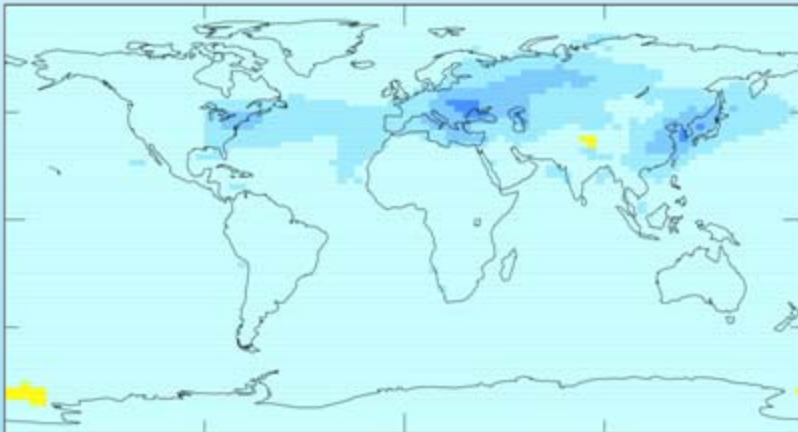
GFDL



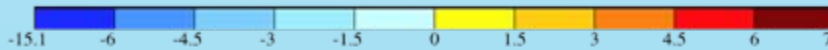
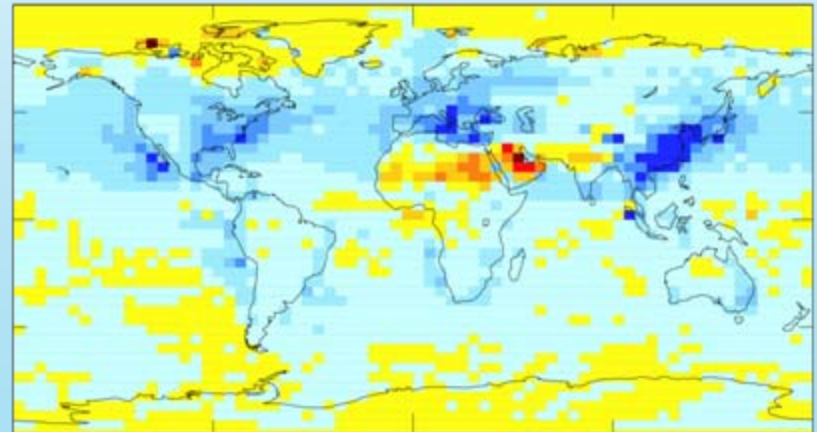
SPRINTARS



IPSL

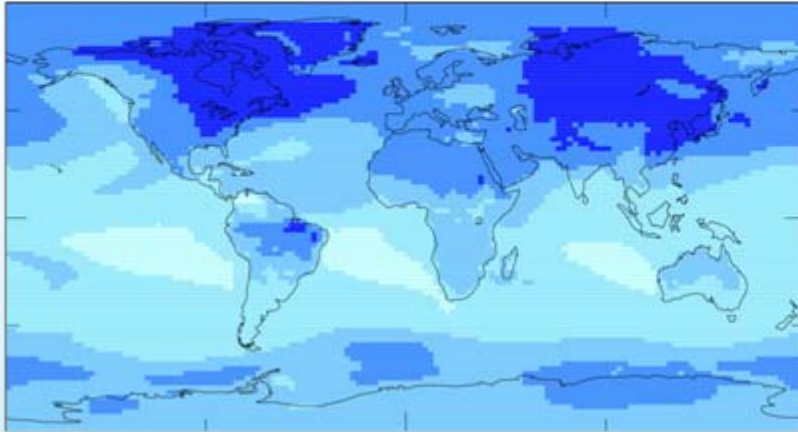


GISS

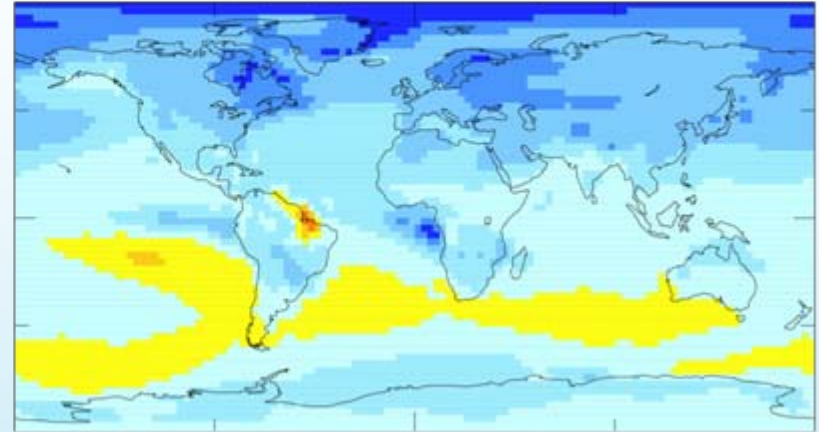


Surface Temperature Response to 20th Century AR4 Aerosol Radiative Forcing (C)

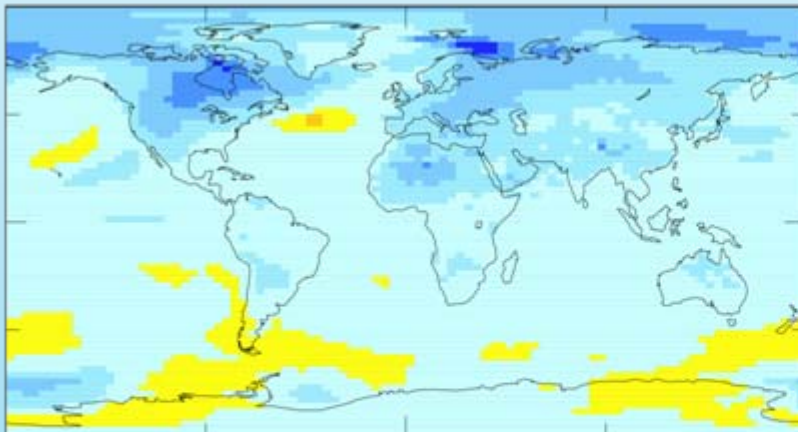
GFDL



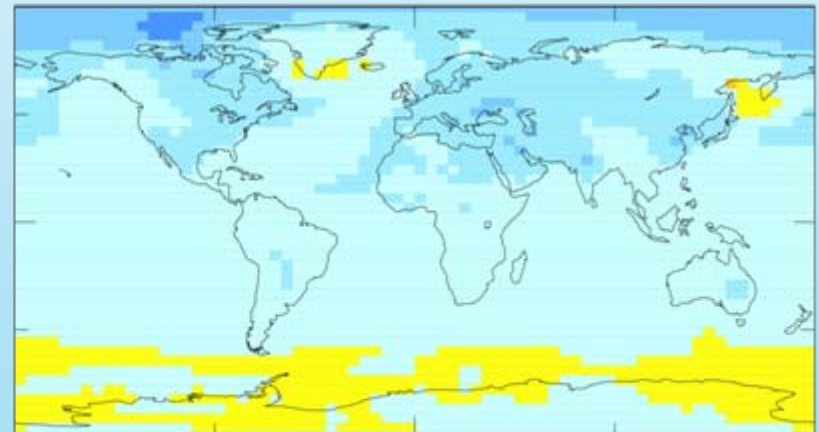
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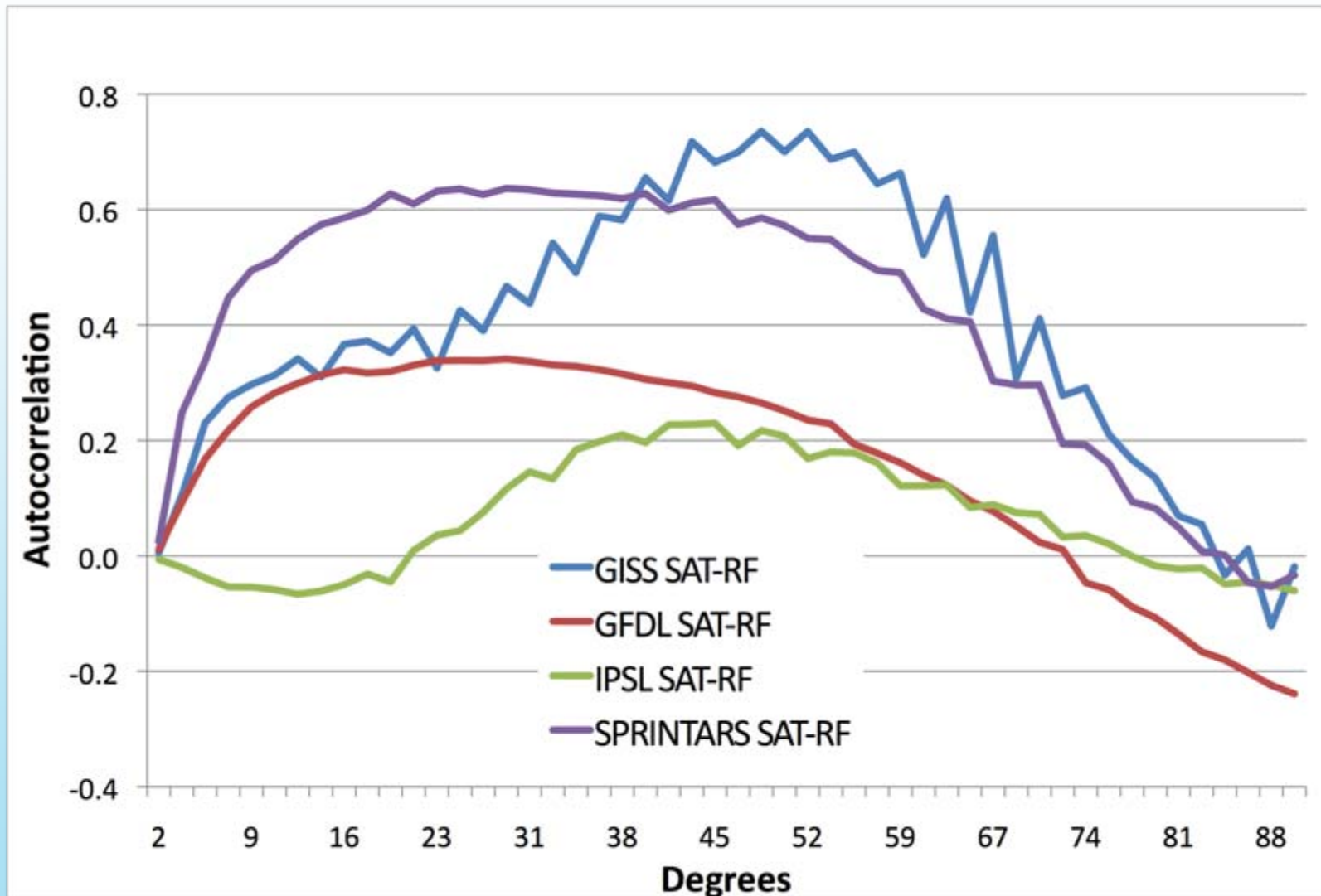
IPSL



GISS



Enhancement of spatial autocorrelation in dSAT over RF



□ Peaked structure comes from meridional smoothing of response

ACCMIP: Simulations to compliment CMIP5

Historical simulations

Emissions/Configuration	1850	1890	1910	1930	1950	1970	1980	1990	2000
Emissions and SSTs/GHG for given year	C*	1	1	C	1	1	C*	1	C*
Year 2000 emissions/ 1850 SSTs & GHGs									C

Future simulations

Emissions/Configuration	2010	2030	2050	2100
RCP 2.6		C	1	C
RCP 4.5	C	C	1	C
RCP 8.5		C	1	C
Year 2000 emissions/ RCP 8.5 SSTs & GHGs		C		C

C=core, 1=tier 1, blank=not requested

Total of 14 core simulations, so ~76 model years (leaving out Tier 1 simulations).

Standardized output diagnostics coordinated with AeroCom, HTAP, CCMVal

CCC (Canada), ECHAM (Julich, Hamburg, JPL, Oberpfaffenhofen), ESRL/NOAA (US), Hadley Centre/Met Office (UK), LSCE/IPSL (France), MIROC (CCSR/NIES Japan), MRI (Japan), NASA GISS (USA), NCAR (USA), NOAA GFDL (USA), STOCHEM (UK), UKCA (NIWA New Zealand)

Winter/Spring 2010 submission of past/future output

measurement/model comparison of ozone RF estimates from TES

air quality and climate penalty

deposition of nitrogen and sulfur

comparisons with ice core observations and modern aircraft/satellite data (trop & strat)

evaluation of ozone budget and methane lifetime, comparison with ozonesondes

AeroCom-style evaluation of models vs multiple datasets (AeroNet, satellite, etc.)

evaluation of radiative forcing and of climate response