**CREATE/DAEDALUS** and aerosol retrieval

**TNO Physics and Electronics Laboratory** 

Gerrit de Leeuw, Robin Schoemaker and the CREATE and DAEDALUS teams



## CREATE

Cronstruction, Use and Delivery of an European Aerosol Data base

National University of Ireland, Galway (Coord.)

**Partners:** 

NILU, Norway

LSCE, France

Ift, Germany

**TNO**, Netherlands

**University of Helsinki** 

ECN, Netherlands Finnish Meteorological Institute University of Crete MPI, Germany PSI, Switzerland

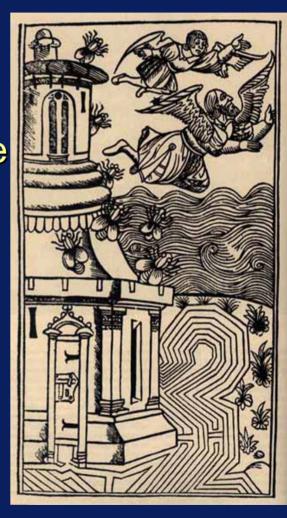




The European Commission Community Research Energy, Environment and Sustainable Development

## DAEDALUS

**Delivery of AErosol proDucts for** Assimilation and environmental USe LOA/CNRS /USTL, France (Coord.) **IASB,** Brussels, Belgium **KNMI**, the Netherlands **TNO-FEL** and **TNO-MEP**, the Netherlands NILU, Oslo, Norway University of Evora, Portugal IES JRC, Ispra, Italy





# CREATE & DAEDALUS are GMES Thematic Projects <u>Needs and Gaps</u>:

- a) Need for spatial and temporal monitoring of aerosols
- b) Need for common protocol of data submission
- c) Need for long term sustained support for monitoring
- d) Need for quality assurance of data
- e) Need for database for user needs



### CREATE

#### Construction, use and delivery of a European Database

Report on aerosol measurement techniques and harmonization of calibration procedures

Recommend list of European monitoring sites

Delivery of aerosol knowledge/training to data providers and data users Examples: Tutorials & Measurement/Analyses Workshops; Field visits

Catalogue of maps of aerosol levels over Europe from measured data and model outputs (see Schulz presentation)

Provision of an European Aerosol Database to EMEP/WMO GAW standard (see Wilson presentation)



## DAEDALUS

- Impetus for designing long-term sustainable and fully operational European monitoring of aerosol properties
- Regional and global scales
- Over sea
- Over land
- Satellite remote sensing
- Data assimilation in CTM
- Ground based network (PHOTONS) (see Goloub presentation)
- User requirements



## **DAEDALUS** Deliverables

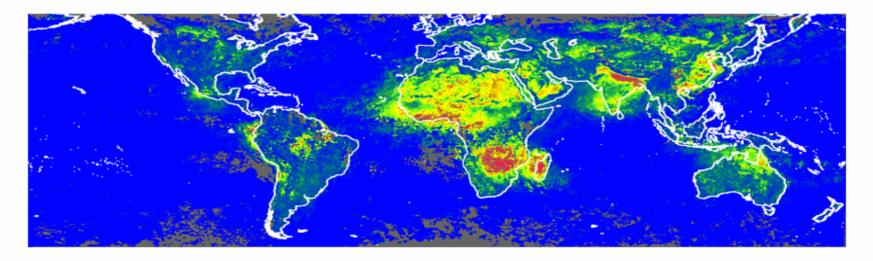
- Report on data availability and quality
- Report on optimisation of ground-based networks for in-situ and remote sensing measurements
- Users workshop and workshop report
- Evaluation report PHOTONS network
- Report on existing technology and expected operationalisation for a daily aerosol product
- Assessment of current assimilation techniques and requirements for a fully functional aerosol assimilation system
- Proposal for the aerosol monitoring component of the European capacity for GMES



#### **Climatology of tropospheric aerosols: Global**



November 1996

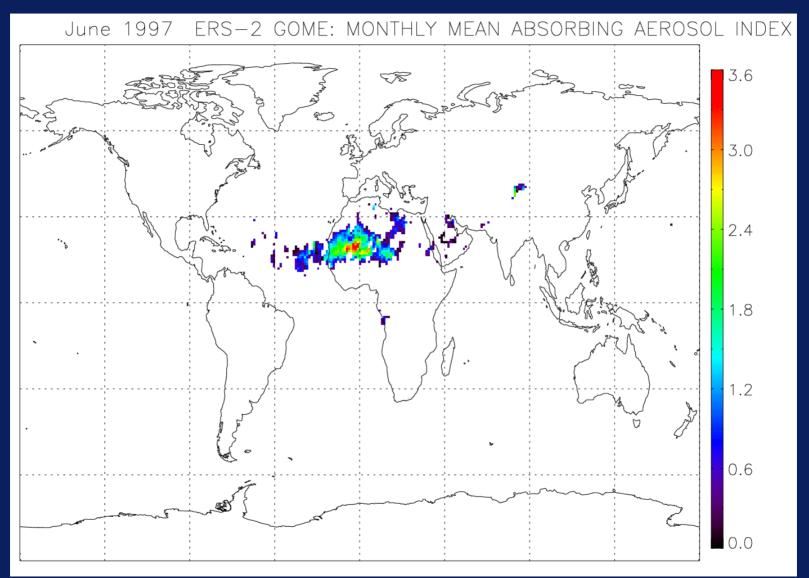




POLDER Data: CNES/NASDA Processing: LOA/LSCE

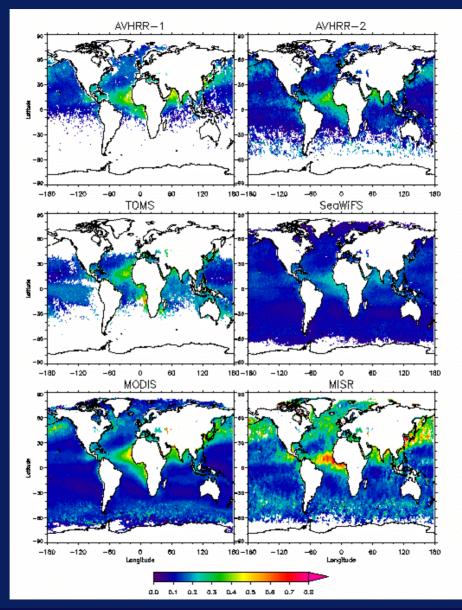


## Global map of the absorbing aerosol index from GOME for June 1997, as retrieved with the KNMI AAI algorithm from GOME level 1b data.





#### Intercomparison of aerosol satellite climatologies

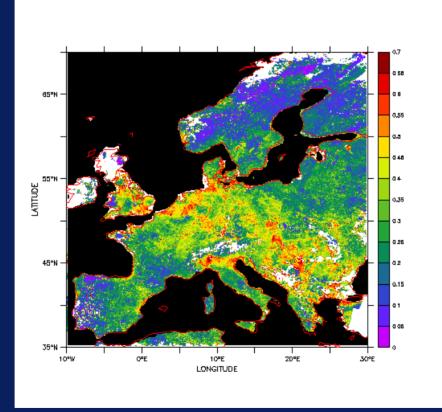


G. Myhre, NILU



#### **Climatology of tropospheric aerosols: Regional**

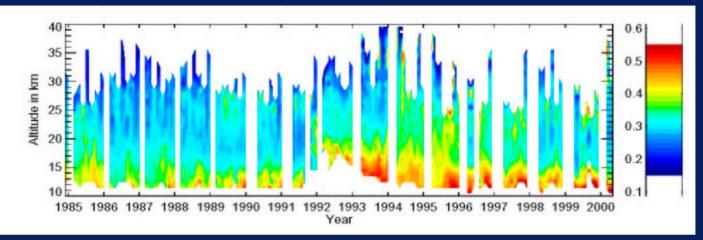
#### Aerosol Optical Depth over Europe from ATSR-2



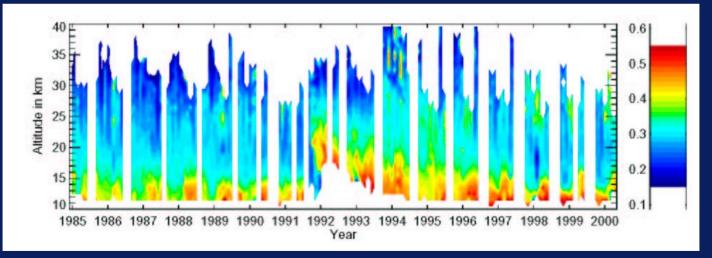
C. Robles Gonzalez et al., 2000



#### **Climatology of stratospheric aerosols**



#### Mean profile of mode radius in µm versus time for SAGE II in the 50°N-60°N band



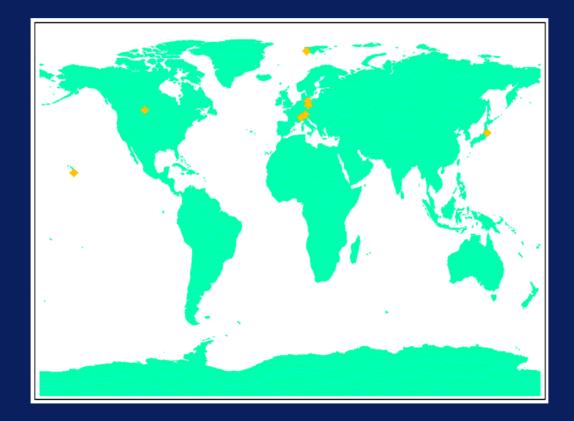
Mean profile of mode radius in  $\mu$ m versus time for SAGE II in the 50°S-60°S band



Gerrit de Leeuw, WMO/GAW workshop Davos, 8-10 March 2004

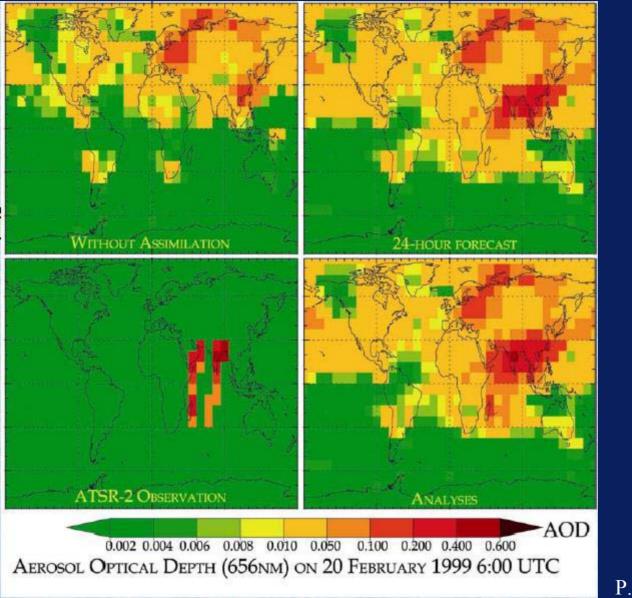
D. Fussen and C. Binger, IASB

Archiving AOD data from the GAW Precision Filter Radiometer (PFR) Network and the German National Aerosol Optical depth Network, which uses different radiometers (IES JRC through the GAW WDCA).





#### Demonstration system of aerosol data assimilation



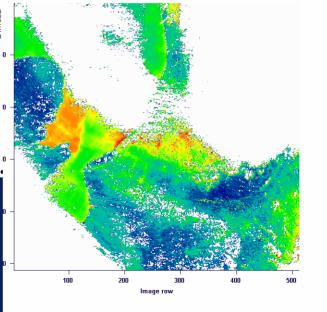
P. van Velthoven, KNMI



## **User requirements**

- Location and strength of emissions, e.g. hot spots
- Transport processes and origin of air pollution
- Verification of air pollution
- Trends in air pollution
- Temporal resolution (daily)
- Data availability (days, wee
- High spatial resolution over
- Reliability
- Representativeness
- Continuity





Date



#### Some concluding thoughts and conclusions

•Meeting part of the user's requirements achievable during GMES

 Need for improved linkages between more research oriented programmes and Regulatory Monitoring Networks – CREATE and DAEDALUS Projects will help enable this, through involvement of EMEP and WMO GAW for example

- Need for improved coordination between observational stations
- Improvement of existing stations and networks and development of new ones (Presently: decreasing observational capacity)
- Standardization of data
- Improve access to data and data products
- Validation of satellite derived products through ground truth and vertical data

 Gaps between available aerosol data products and users requirements need bridging – a thrust of GMES



#### Some concluding thoughts and conclusions

 CREATE and DAEDALUS initiate activities and provide proposals for future implementation of integrated, standardised, harmonised and quality controlled aerosol observations and provision of users data products, however:

No actual integration

•No service will be provided

•Hence these activities need to be carried on in other projects:

- Integration observational data
- Validation

•Transition science results into operational services



### **Future activities**

- FP6: Atmospheric composition
  - ACCENT (Fuzzi)
  - BACC-TO-BACC (O'Dowd) (focus on aerosols)
- FP6: GMES (Global Monitoring for Environment and Security
  - AIROS (de Leeuw)
- ESA:
  - DUP > TEMIS (van der A)
  - GSE > PROMOTE (Goede)
  - DUE > GLOBAER (TNO?)



**Aerosol Retrieval** CREATE/TEMIS:

#### An 'operational' (A)ATSR algorithm for retrieval of

- AOD maps with 10 km x 10 km resolution
- Regional and local AOD maps with 1 km x 1 km resolution



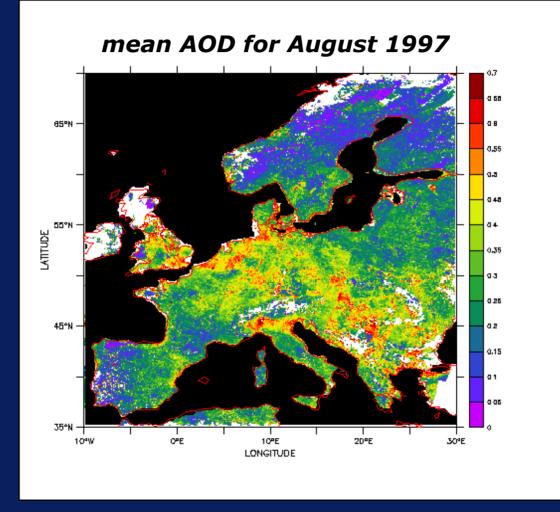
## Aspects of the 'old' algorithm

- ATSR-2
- FORTRAN 77 approach
- Separate algorithms for
  - Land (dual view) retrieval
  - Sea (single view) retrieval
  - Cloud screening (semi and auto)
  - Two aerosol types: Marine and Continental
  - Several computer systems involved

 Many manual operations required; time consuming, yet very suitable for scientific study of aerosol retrieval



### Aerosol Optical Depth over Europe over land



C. Robles Gonzalez, J.P. Veefkind and G. de Leeuw, GRL 27, pp. 955-959, 2000.

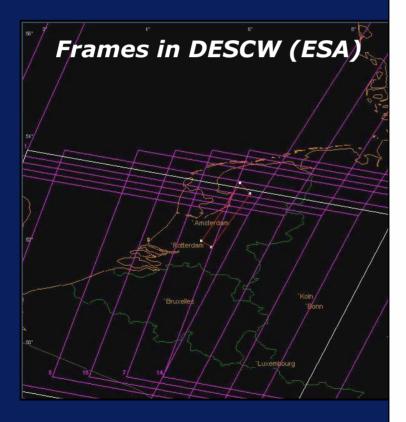


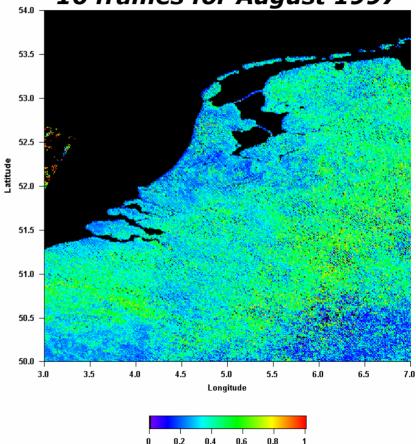
## Aspects of the 'operationalised' algorithm

- ATSR-2 & AATSR
- Modular FORTRAN 90/95 approach
- One algorithm :
  - Input : List of (A)ATSR GBT Reflectances
  - Automated cloud-screening
  - Corrections for ocean and land
  - Both land (dual view) and sea (single view) retrieval of AOD at 4 wavelengths, but also Ångström parameter, mixing ratio, ....
  - Prepared for 23 aerosol types (among which are *dust*, *black carbon*, *biomass aerosol*, *organic*, *etc*) ; 3 to be used in one retrieval step
  - Output : HDF and ASCII files
- (Semi)-automatic operations; input through user



## Example of hi-res averaged AOD map by new algorithm (The Netherlands + parts of Belgium and Germany) 16 frames for August 1997



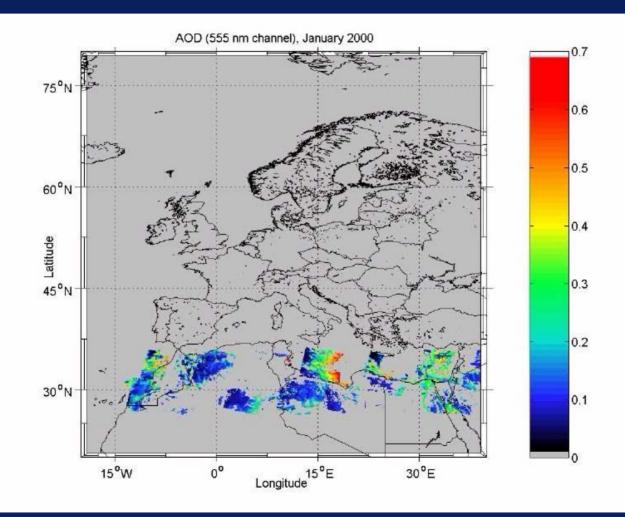


AOD at 555 nm



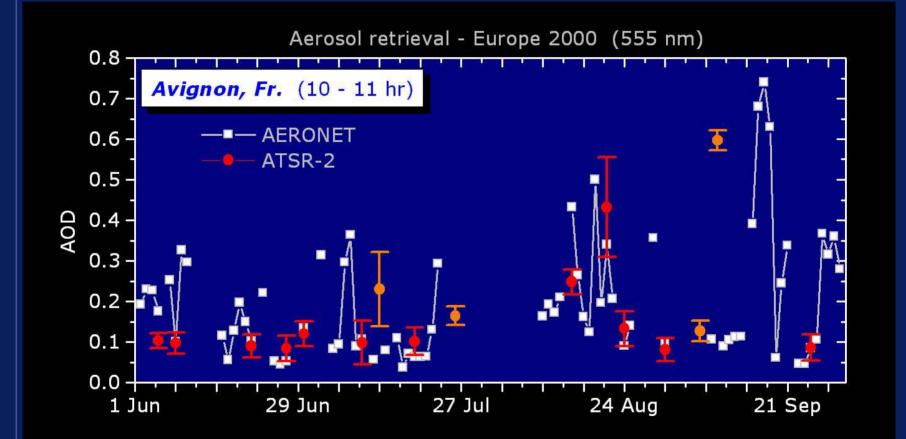
Gerrit de Leeuw, WMO/GAW workshop Davos, 8-10 March 2004

## Recent results for Europe: AOD map (555 nm) for the year 2000



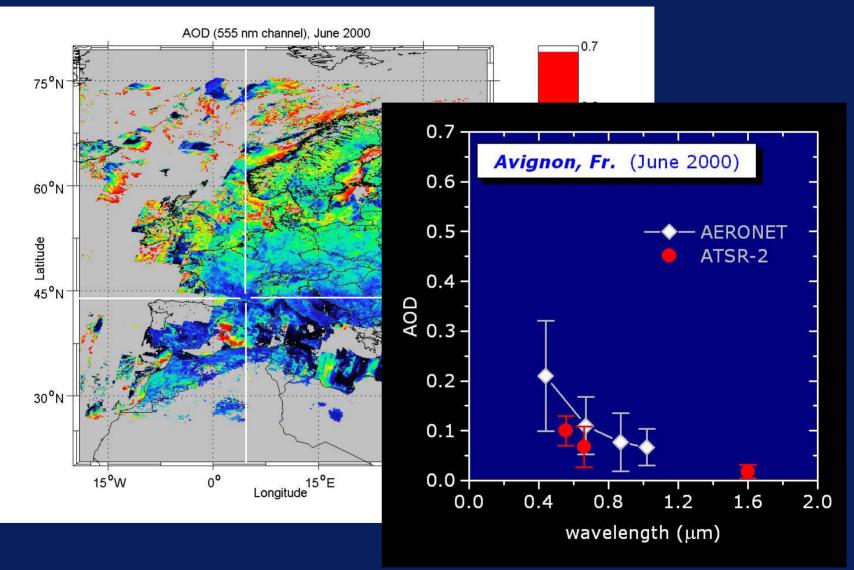


## AERONET comparisons for Avignon, Fr. June-September 2000 timeframe



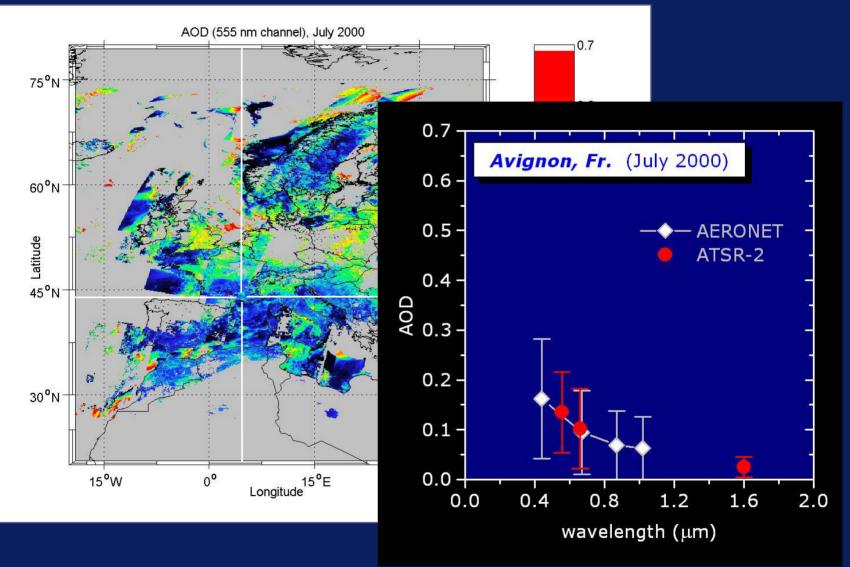


## AERONET vs. ATSR-2 (June average)



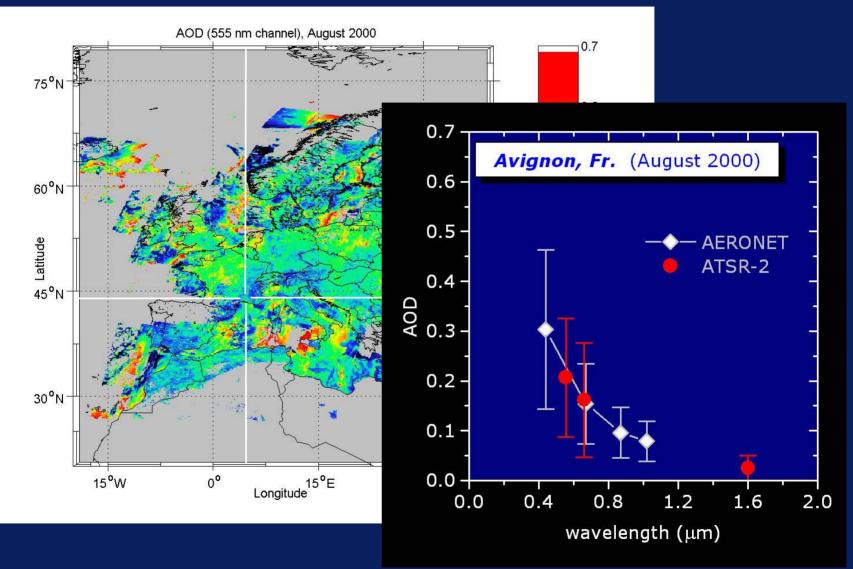


## AERONET vs. ATSR-2 (July average)



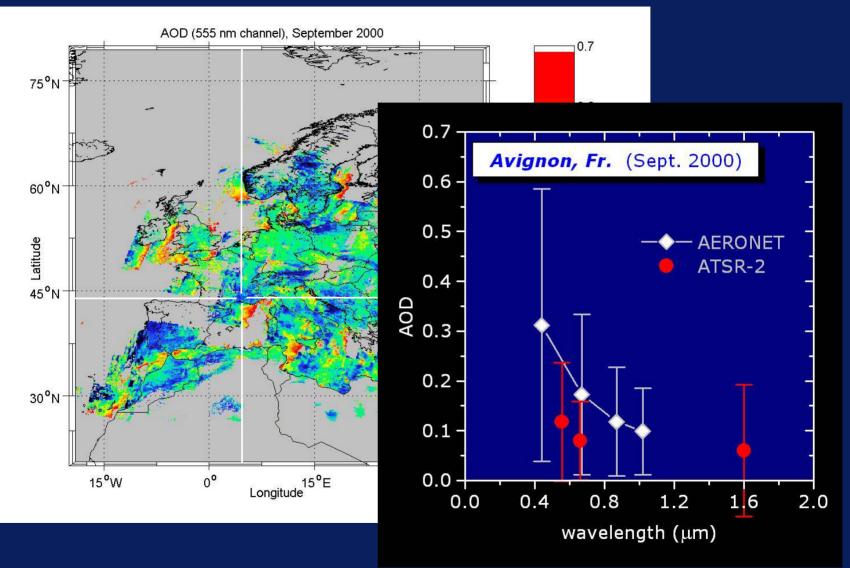


## AERONET vs. ATSR-2 (August average)



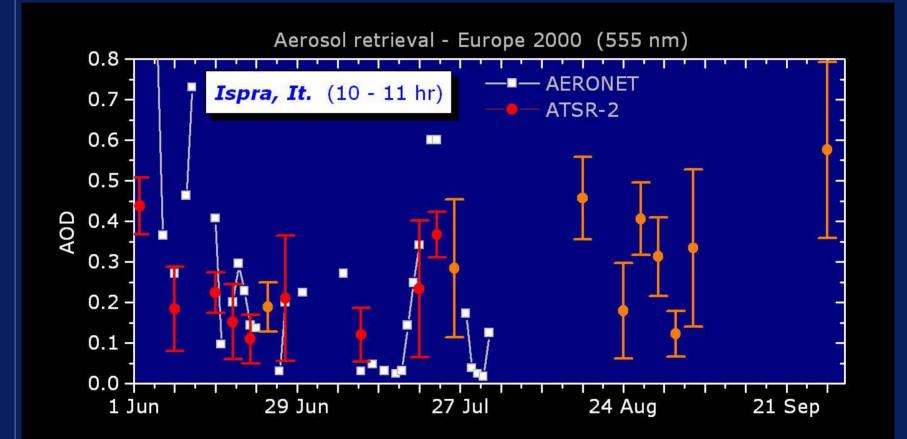


## AERONET vs. ATSR-2 (Sept. average)





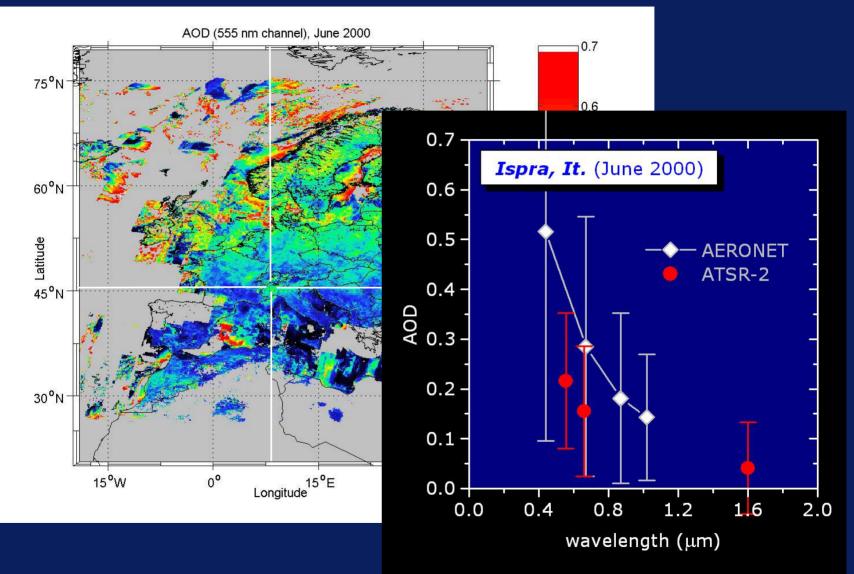
## AERONET comparisons for Ispra (It.) June - July 2000





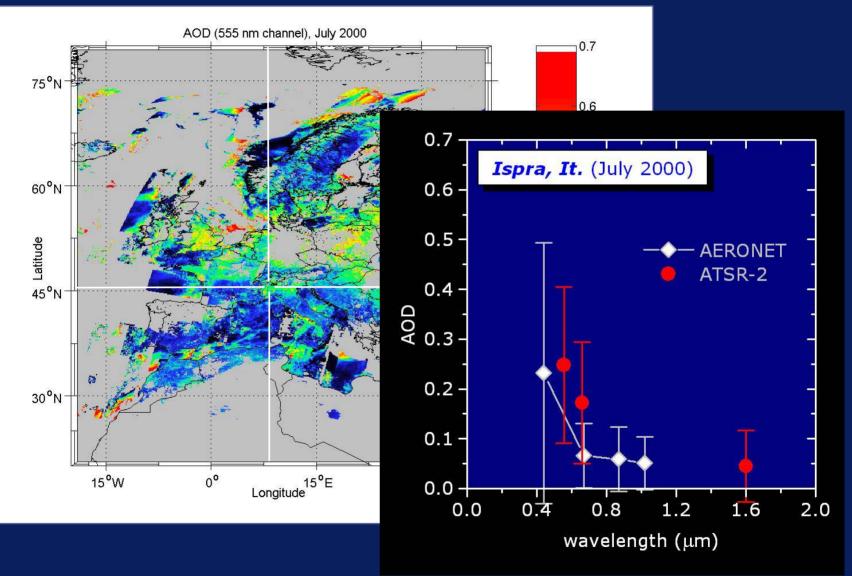
Gerrit de Leeuw, WMO/GAW workshop Davos, 8-10 March 2004

## AERONET vs. ATSR-2 (June average)



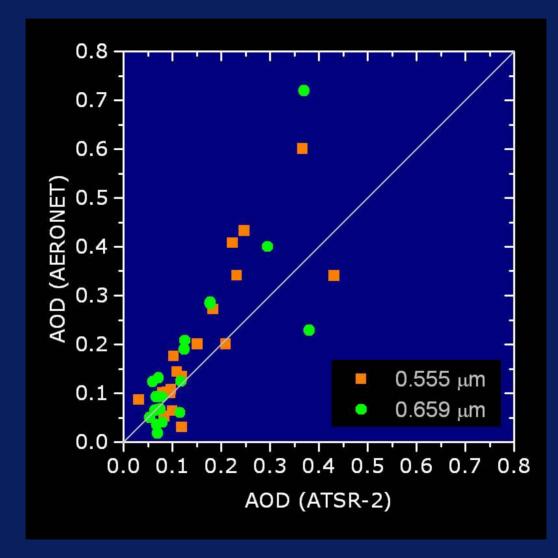


## AERONET vs. ATSR-2 (July average)



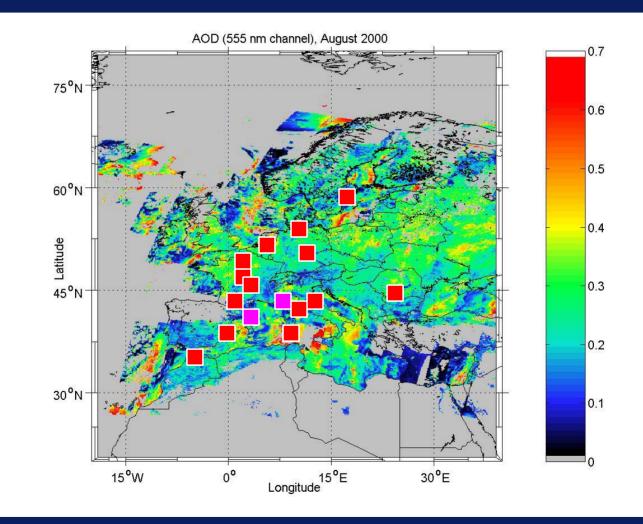


## AOD scatter plot (Avignon & Ispra) June - September 2000 timeframe





## Comparisons with other sites are underway...





## **Contact and Information**

http://loacli.univ-lille1.fr/Daedalus/

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