<u>Title 1:</u> The NOAA VIIRS aerosol products and applications for air quality applications

Lorraine A. Remer¹, Hongqing Liu^{2,3}, Pubu Ciren^{2,3}, Hai Zhang^{2,3}, Shobha Kondragunta³, Jingfeng Huang^{3.4}, Steven Superczynski^{3,5} and Istvan Laszlo³

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<u>Title 2:</u> Broader perspective on the use of satellite data for air quality applications

Lorraine A. Remer with help from Ralph Kahn

Air Quality is defined in terms of PM2.5.

Remote sensing of aerosols is generalized as AOD

The two are proportional....

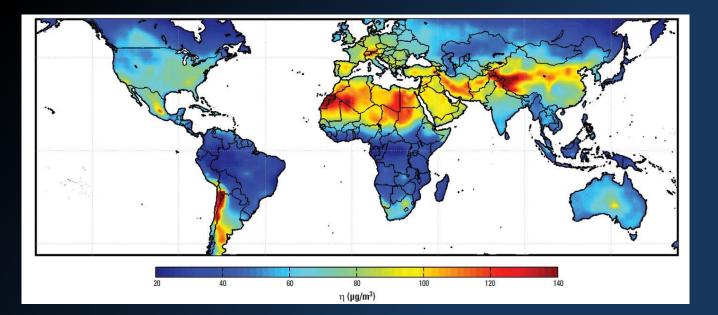
$$AOD = PM_{2.5} H f(RH) \frac{3Q_{\text{ext,dry}}}{4\rho r_{\text{eff}}} = PM_{2.5} H S$$

Assumes a well-mixed boundary layer of height H and no elevated aerosol layers,

And S is the specific extinction efficiency that contains all the information about aerosol 'type'.

Hoff and Christopher (2009)

MISR + MODIS AOD with GEOS-Chem Vertical Distribution





For Long-term exposure

Van Donkelaar et al. 2010

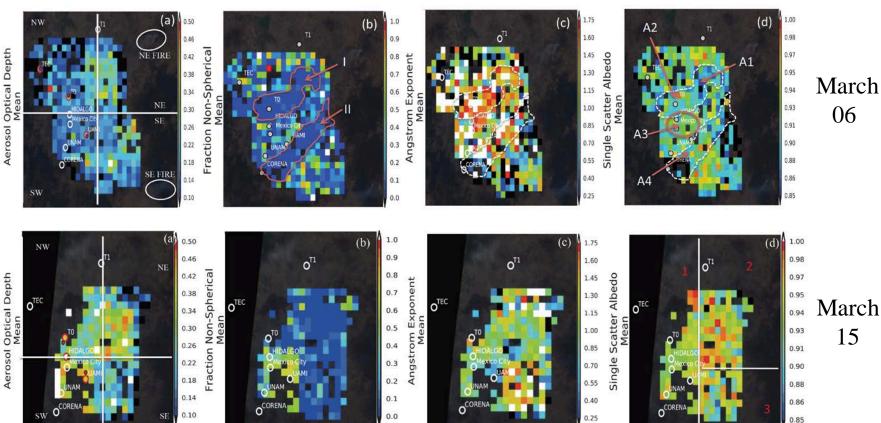
Urban Pollution AOD & Aerosol Air Mass Type Mapping INTEX-B, 06 & 15 March 2006

AOD

Fr. Non-Sph.



SSA



Aerosol Air Masses: *Dust* (non-spherical), *Smoke* (spherical, spectrally steep absorbing), and *Pollution* particles (spherical, spectrally flat absorbing) dominate specific regions

Patadia et al., JGR 2012

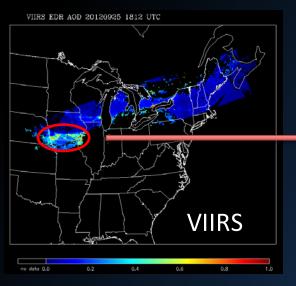
Yang Liu said,

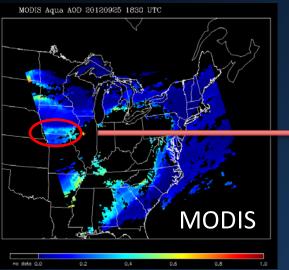
"All we need is broader coverage, finer resolution and better accuracy."

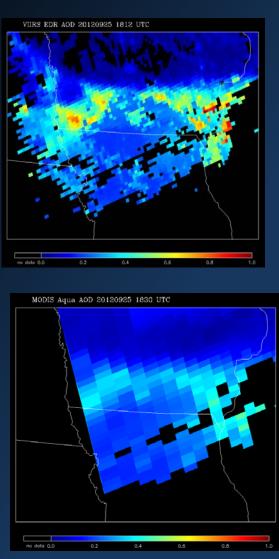
Air Quality perspectives

	Forecasting	Short term exposure	Long term exposure	Exceptional events
Accurate AOD		XXX	XXX	XXX
Particle properties		XX	XX	XX
Vertical info	Х	XX	XX	XX
Fine resolution		Х	Х	Х
Broad coverage	XX	Х		
Quick	XXX			
Ancillary/ fires	Х			XXX

<u>The VIIRS instrument has</u> <u>interesting properties</u>

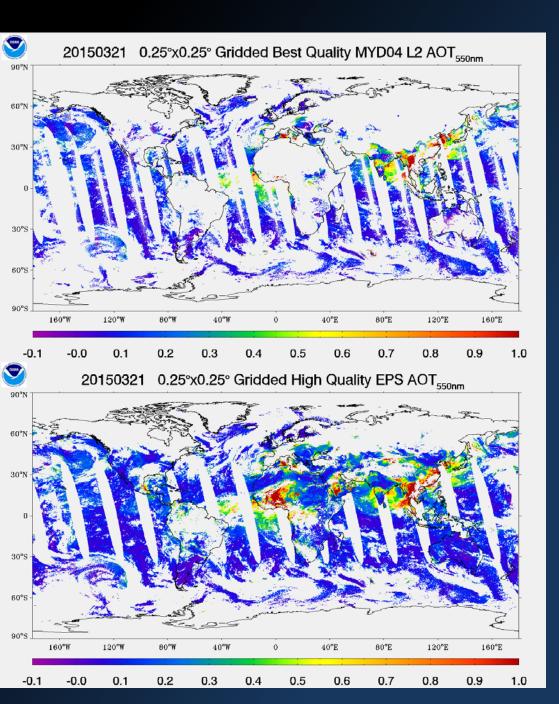






	MODIS	VIIRS
Orbit altitude	690 km	824 km
Equator crossing time	13:30 LT	13:30 LT
Granule size	5 min	86 sec
swath	2330 km	3040 km
Pixel nadir	0.5 km	0.75 km
Pixel at edge	2 km	1.5 km
AOT nadir	10 km	0.75 km
AOT at edge	40 km	1.5 km

Slide from Shobha Kondragunta

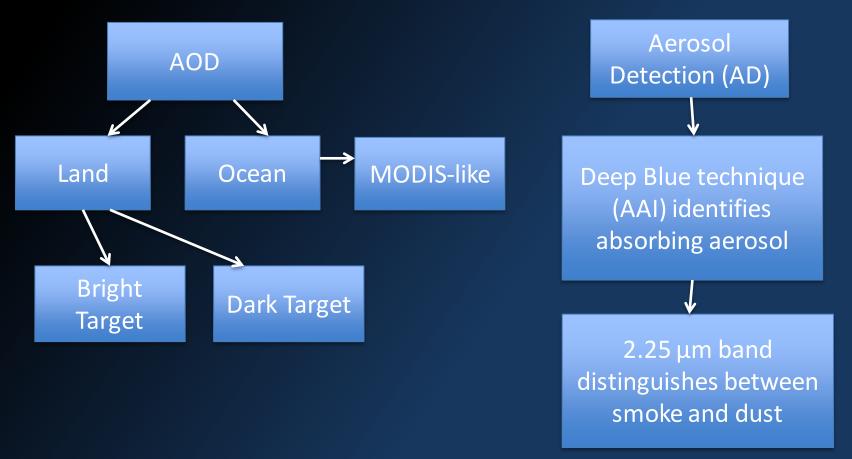


Single day coverage

MODIS

VIIRS

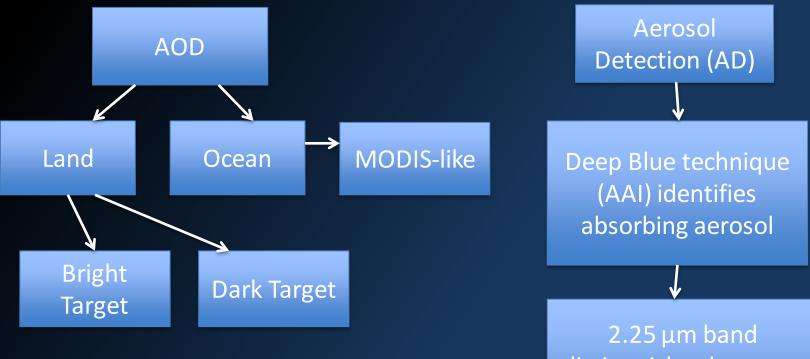
NOAA STAR VIIRS "Enterprise" or "EPS" aerosol algorithm



Designed by Liu and Zhang

Designed by Ciren and Kondragunta

NOAA STAR VIIRS "Enterprise" or "EPS" aerosol algorithm

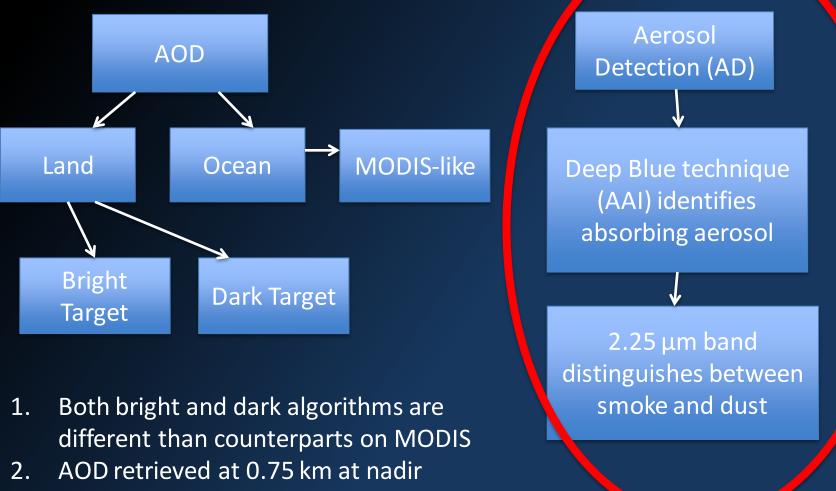


Land algorithm

- Both bright and dark algorithms are different than counterparts on MODIS
- 2. AOD retrieved at 0.75 km at nadir
- 3. More coverage than either MODIS algorithms

2.25 μm band distinguishes between smoke and dust

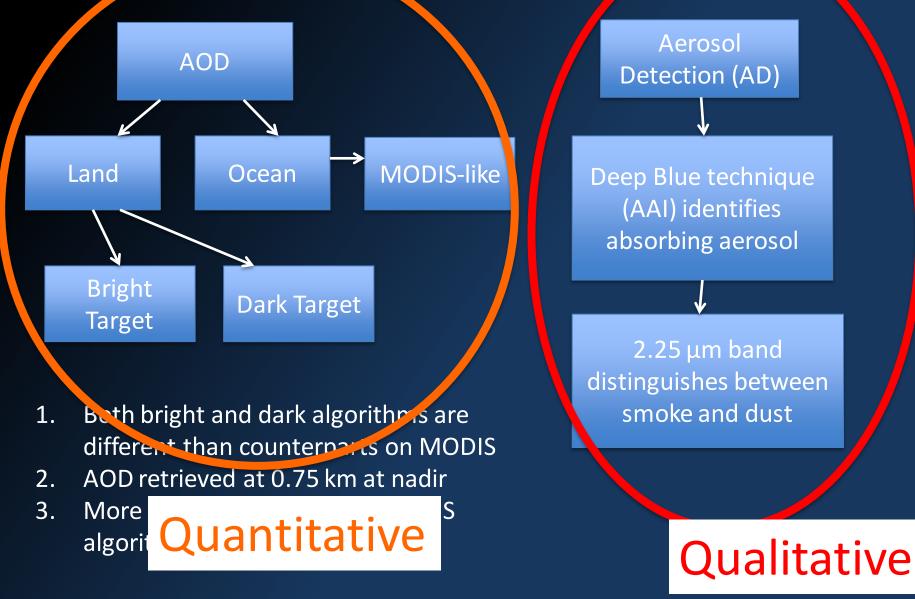
NOAA STAR VIIRS "Enterprise" or "EPS" perosol algorithm



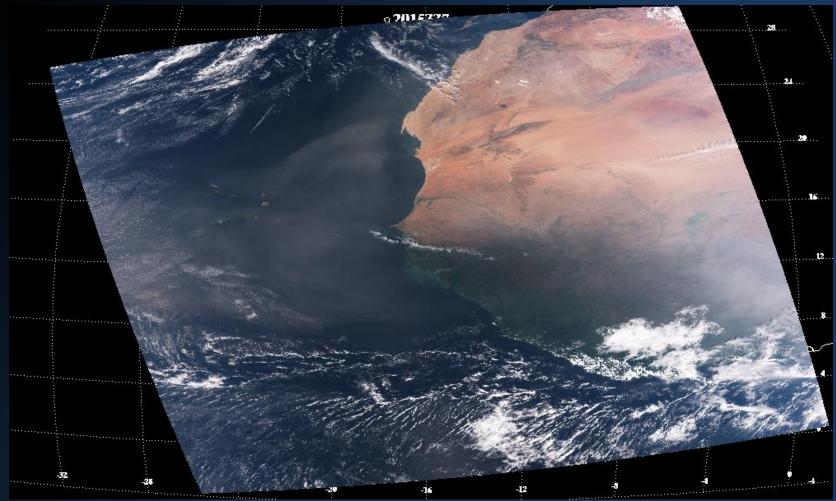
Qualitative

3. More coverage than either MODIS algorithms

NOAA STAR VIIRS "Enterprise" or "EPS" aerosol algorithm

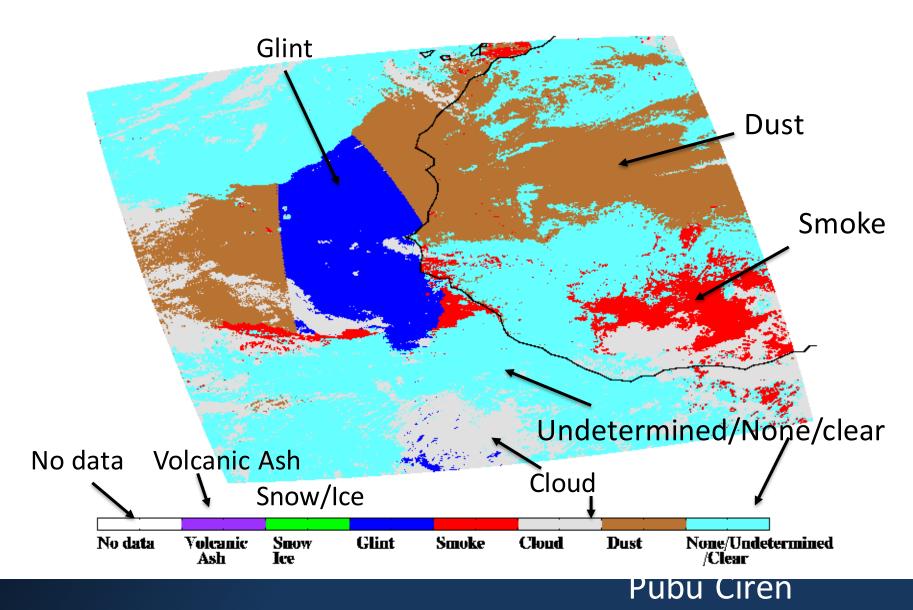


Qualitative aerosol detection Example of output: dust/smoke event 12/03/2015

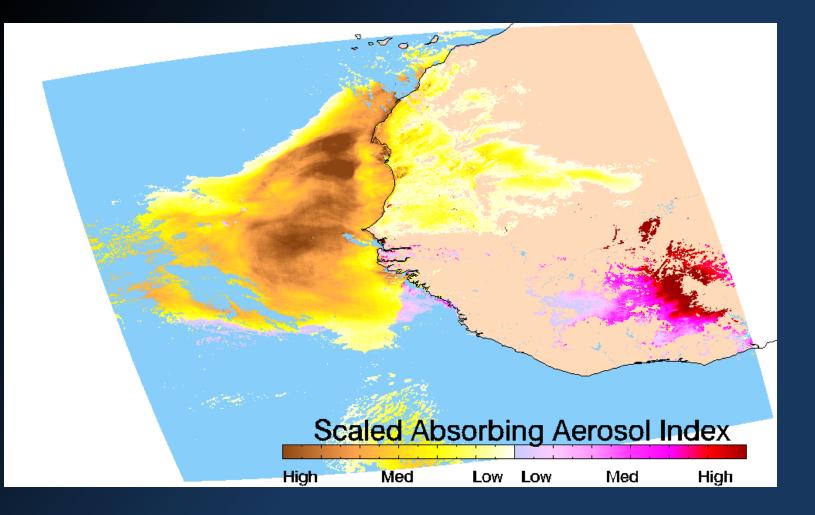


Pubu Ciren

Type Flags:



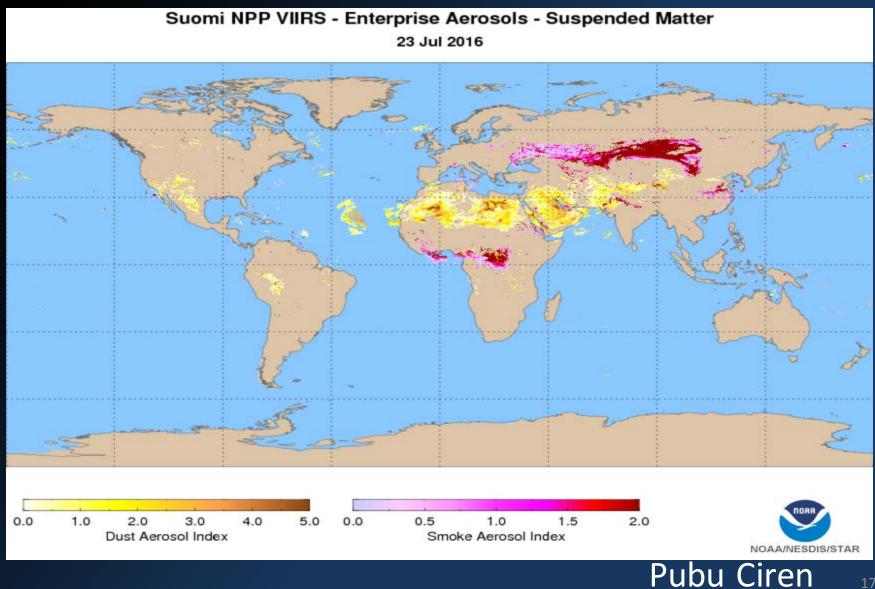
Intensity: Scaled Absorbing Aerosol Index



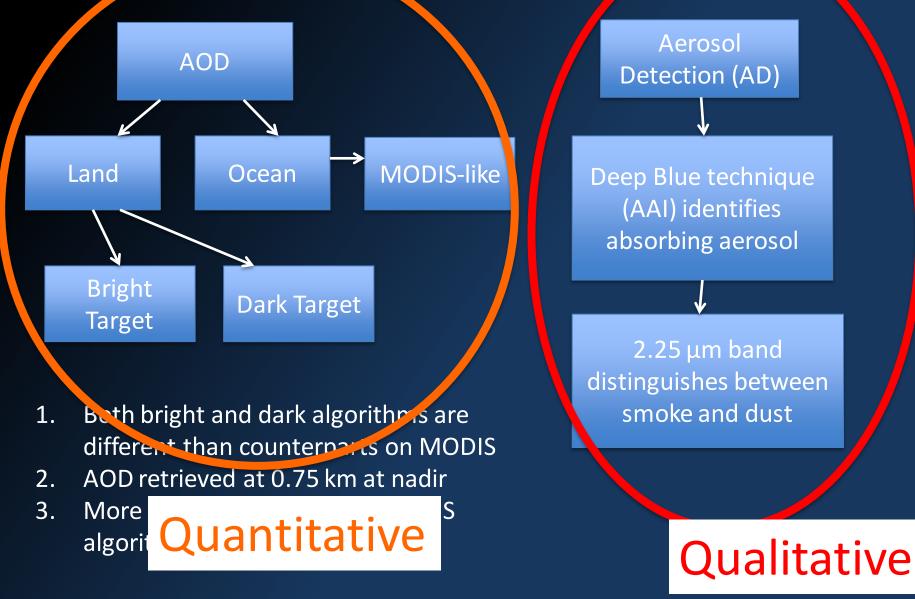
Pubu Ciren

Real-time EPS Aerosol Detection

http://www.star.nesdis.noaa.gov/jpss/EDRs/products_aerosols.php



NOAA STAR VIIRS "Enterprise" or "EPS" aerosol algorithm



Quantitative NOAA STAR EPS AOD retrieval

<u>Dark Target</u>

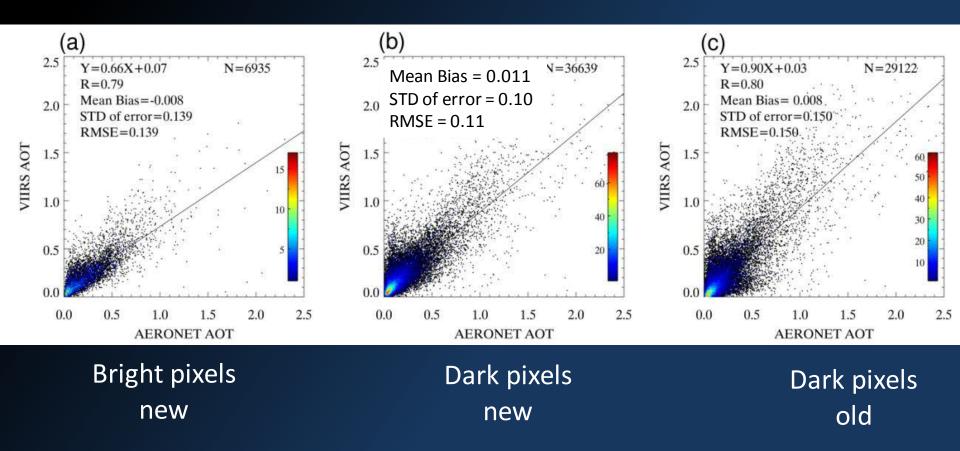
- Hybrid between MODIS DT over land, and the original VIIRS algorithm.
- Acts like MODIS for moderate to high AOD.
- For low AOD, does not use SWIR band. No need.

<u>Bright Target</u>

- Based on 0.1 deg x 0.1 deg global data base of surface reflectance <u>ratios</u>. (Ratios are more stable than absolute surface reflectance.)
- Bright pixels use one set of ratios, and dark pixels use a different set.
- Bright is when ρ_{2.25} > 0.25;
- Ratios are a function of scattering angle.

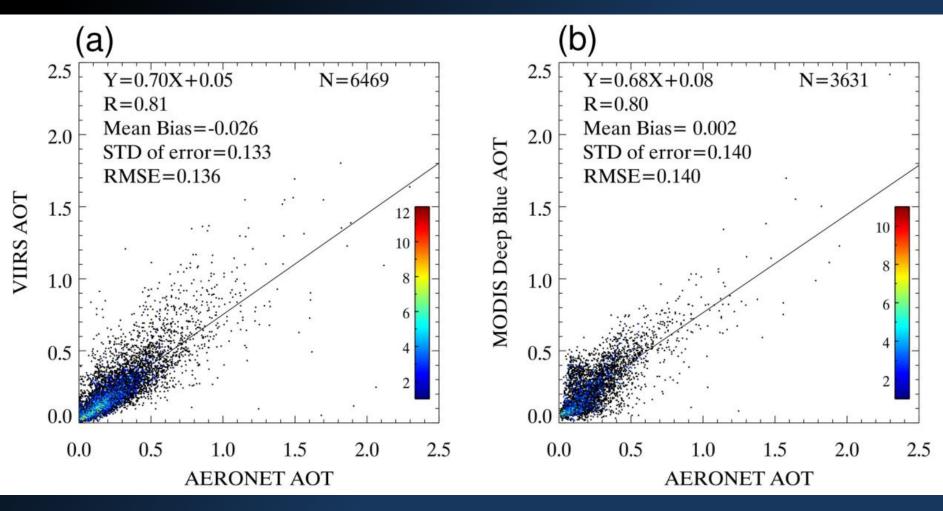
Hongqing Liu's poster

Validation against AERONET, global



Zhang et al., 2016, in press

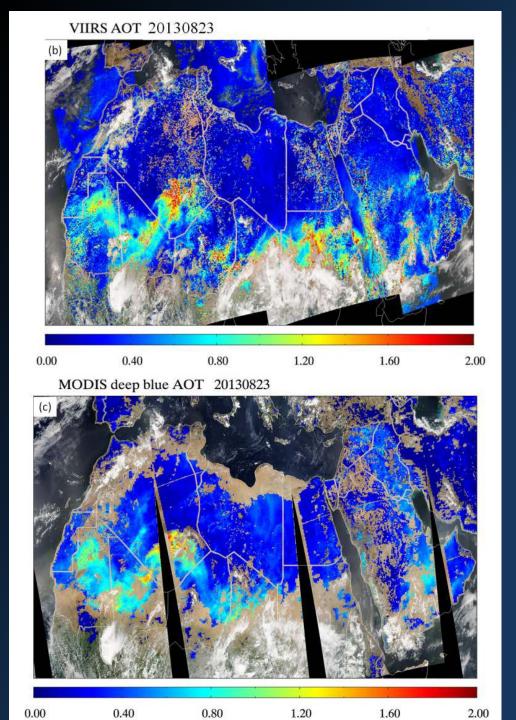
Validation over North Africa and Arabian Peninsula



New VIIRS

MODIS Deep Blue

Zhang et al., 2016, JGR in press



VIIRS

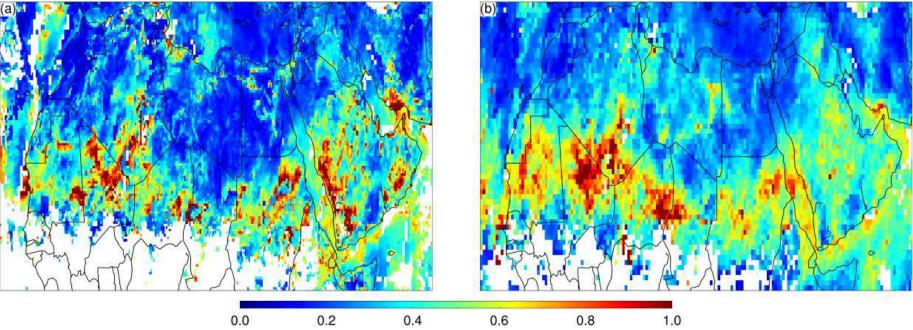
MODIS Deep Blue

Zhang et al., 2016, JGR in press

16 day average

Mean VIIRS AOT (20130822-20130906)

Mean MISR AOT (20130822-20130906)



VIIRS

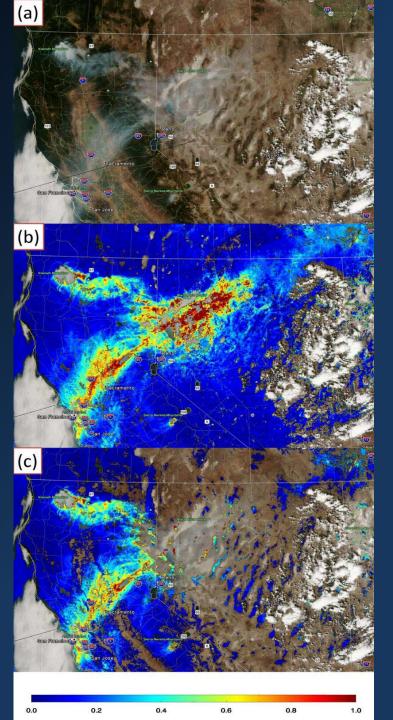
MISR

Zhang et al., 2016, JGR in press

Smoke over the western U.S.

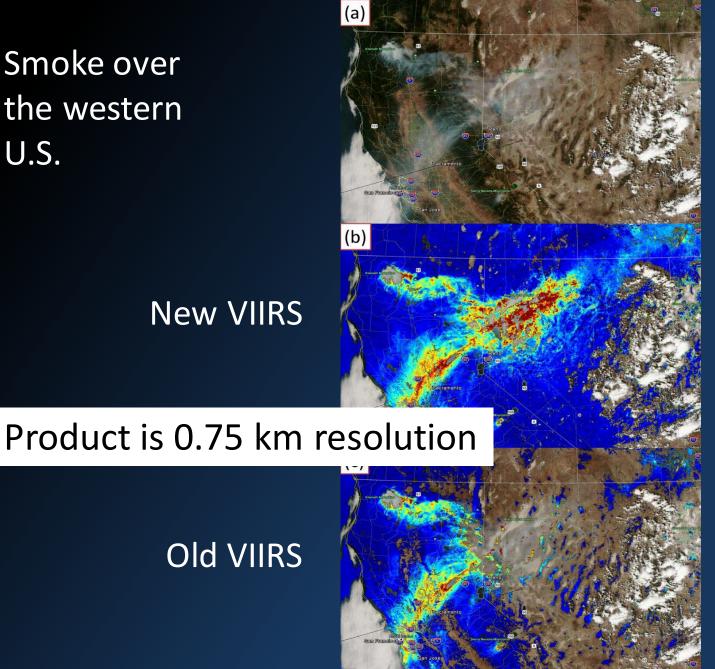
New VIIRS

Old VIIRS



Zhang et al. 2016, JGR in press

Smoke over the western U.S.



0.0

0.2

0.4

0.6

0.8

Zhang et al. 2016, JGR in press

Main Points

- 1. AQ from space is not just about getting PM2.5 correct (Ralph's points 1 and 2: near surface and speciation)
- 2. Spatial resolution (Ralph's point 3)
- 3. Temporal resolution (Ralph's point 4)
- 4. Spatial coverage also (Ralph missed that)

And different AQ goals shift the priorities.

VIIRS EPS product, available this November addresses 2 of Yang Liu's 3 requests for" broader coverage, finer resolution and greater accuracy"

The NOAA VIIRS aerosol products are ready for prime time.

A full year of data exists for 2015.

This product will go 'live' hopefully before the end of 2016.

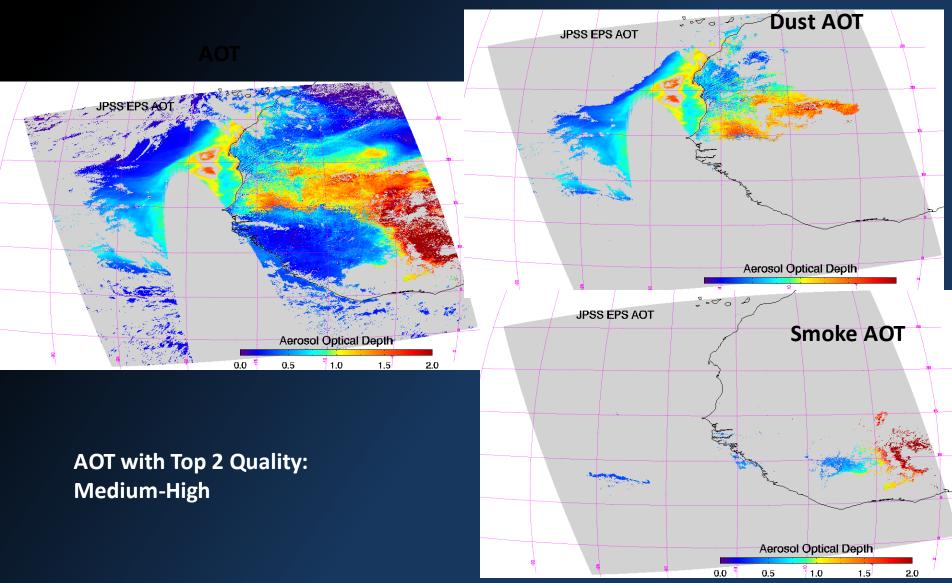
Granule products are available through CLASS

Global gridded products (0.25 deg x 0.25 deg) are available through NOAA Star's website. Discussion of offering 0.10 deg x 0.10 deg instead.

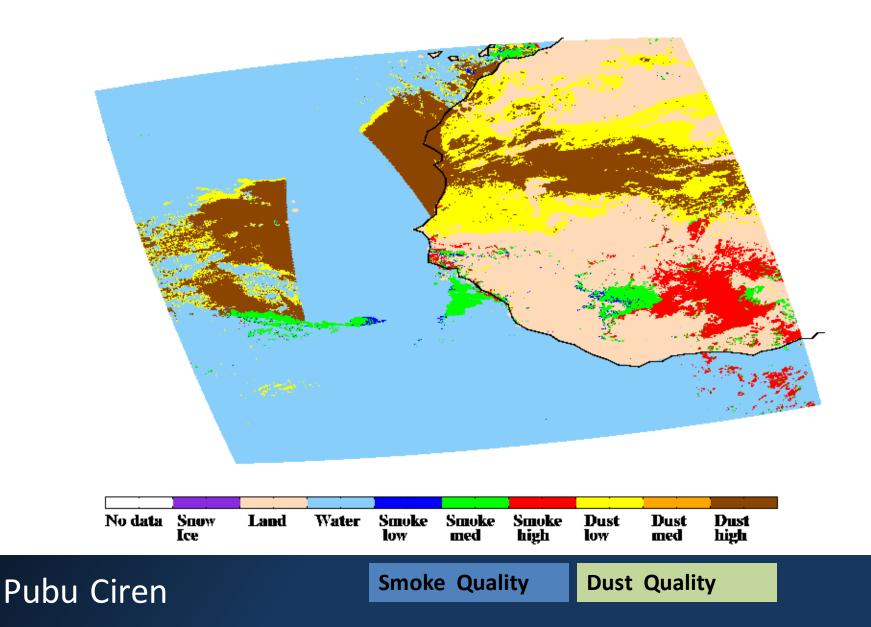
VIIRS launch at end of 2011... Cannot join an intercomparison organized for 2008. Keep that in mind.

Back up

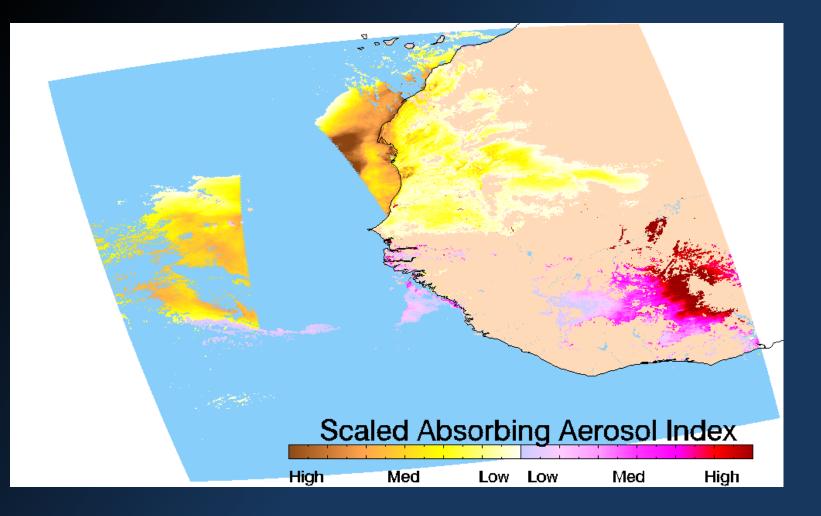
Smoke/Dust Aerosol Optical Depth: Combining EPS ADP with EPS AOD Product



Quality Flags for smoke/dust mask



Intensity: Scaled Absorbing Aerosol Index



Pubu Ciren