

The European Aerosol Budget

Maarten Krol & Frank Dentener, JRC, Ispra
Olivier Boucher, Lille, France (now in Exeter, UK)
Philip Stier, MPI, Hamburg

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Aerosols are complex ensembles of particles in the atmosphere of varying composition and size. Aerosols compromise human and ecosystem health, influence visibility, ozone and the global radiation budget, modify cloud properties, and are responsible for feedbacks on the hydrological cycle and for climate perturbation.

The European Union has put forward and implemented a number of policies and legislation to improve air quality and reduce anthropogenic climate change. Fundamental questions for this are: "How and how much do aerosols affect climate? What is the contribution of European emissions to this impact? What is the contribution of other countries to aerosols and their climate forcing over Europe?"

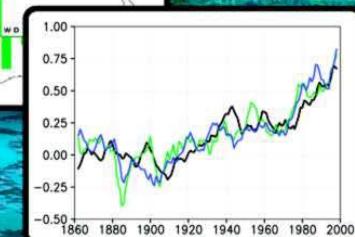
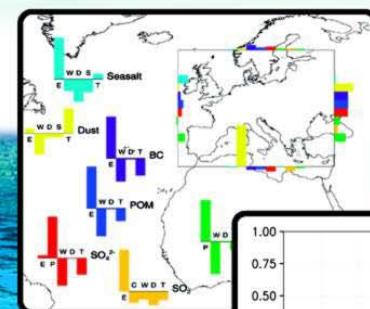
The EC FP5 sponsored PHOENICS project aimed at answering these questions, and specifically made a rigorous evaluation of our knowledge of the magnitude and uncertainties of the direct climate effect of multi-component mixed tropospheric aerosol.

This report contains a synthesis and integration of main results from the project's work. The aim is to give a reader a concise overview of the main results which are of relevance to both the research community and policy makers.

PHOENICS was funded by the FP5 Energy, Environment and Sustainable Development programme.



Particles of Human Origin Extinguish Natural solar Irradiance in the Climate System

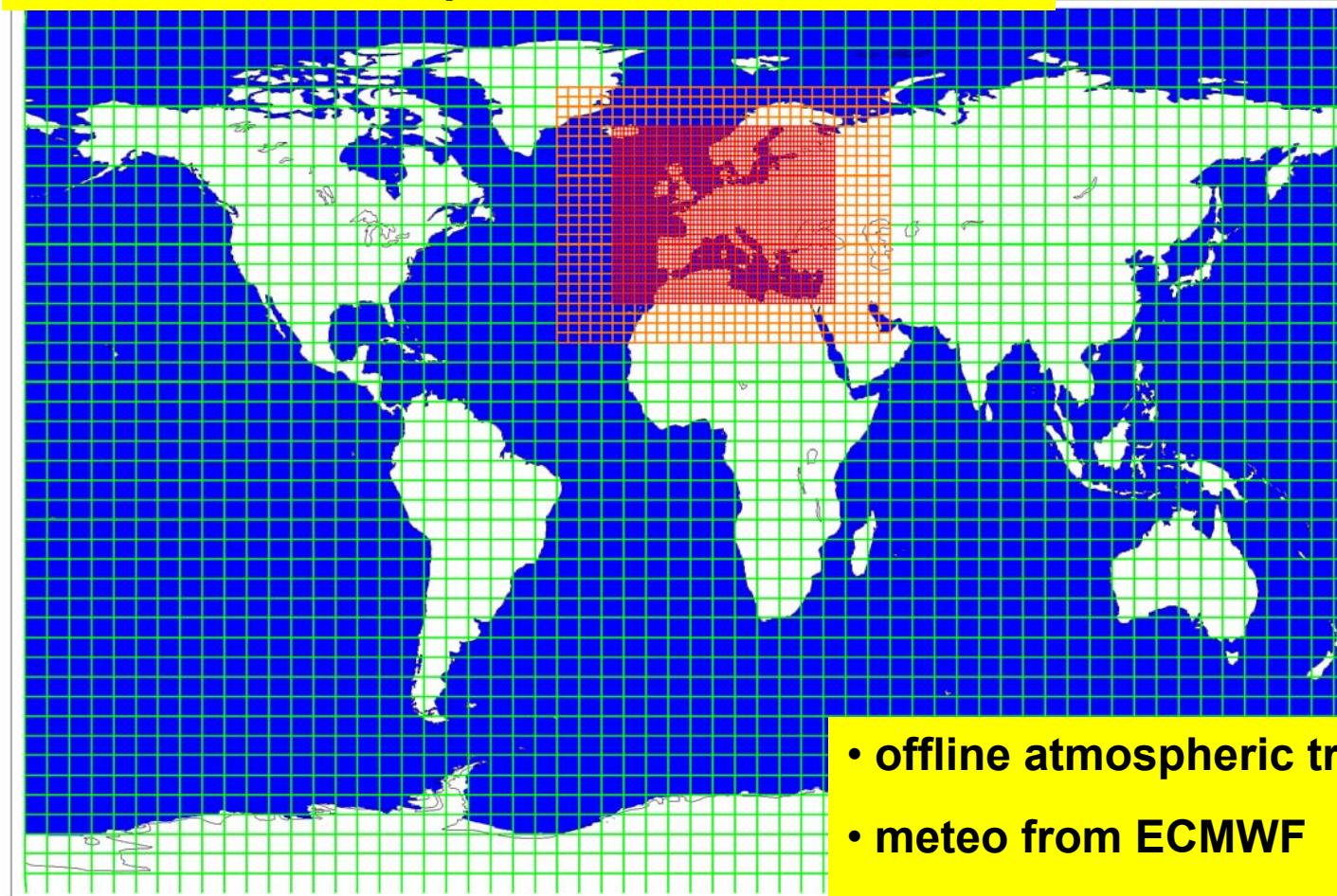


Synthesis and Integration Report

PHOENICS research questions

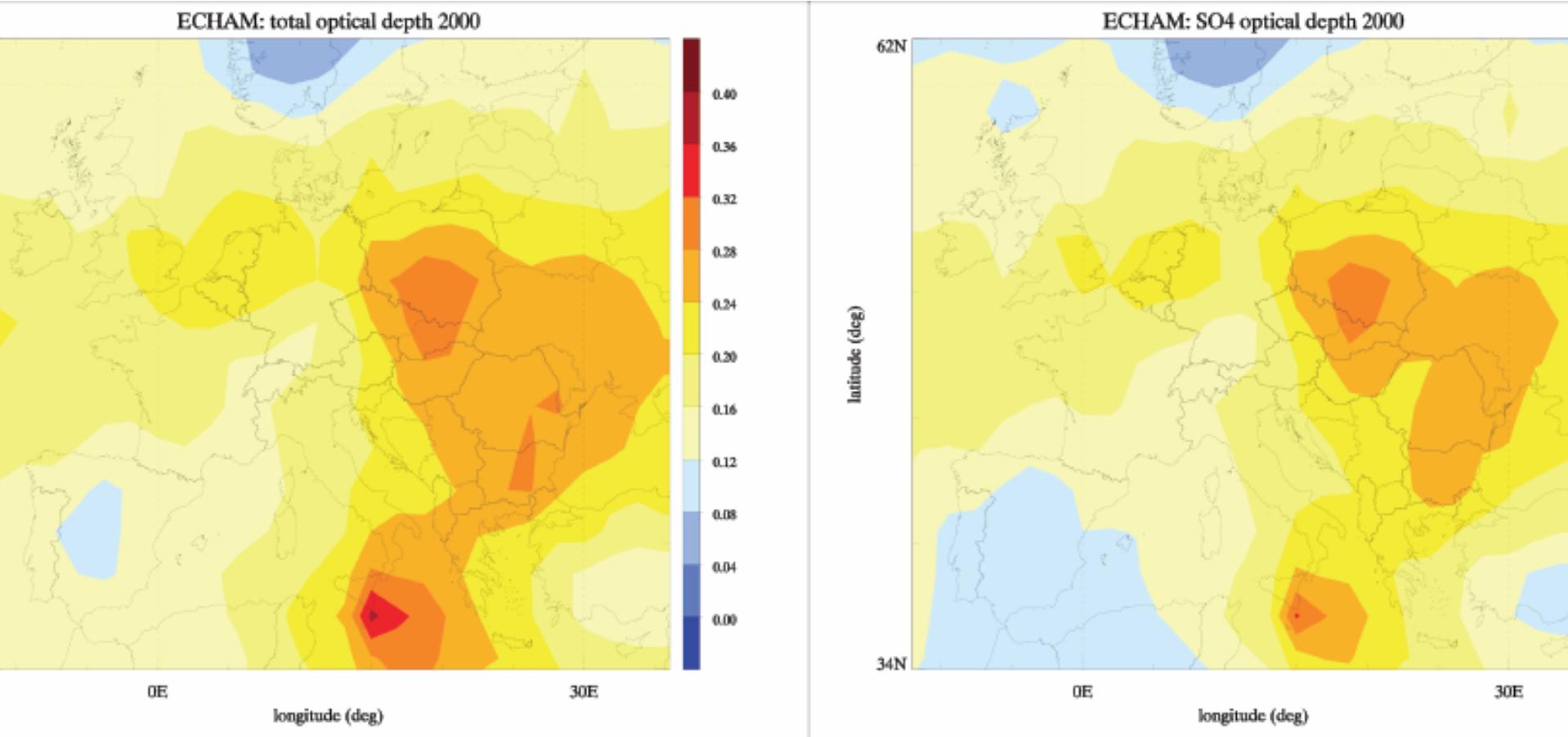
- Impact European emissions on global aerosol formation
- Impact other world regions on Europe
- Assess major uncertainties in aerosol calculations

TM5 model – atmospheric zoom model



- offline atmospheric transport mode
- meteo from ECMWF
- global simulation $6^\circ \times 4^\circ$
- zooming $1^\circ \times 1^\circ$ (Europe, ...)
- <http://www.phys.uu.nl/~tm5/>

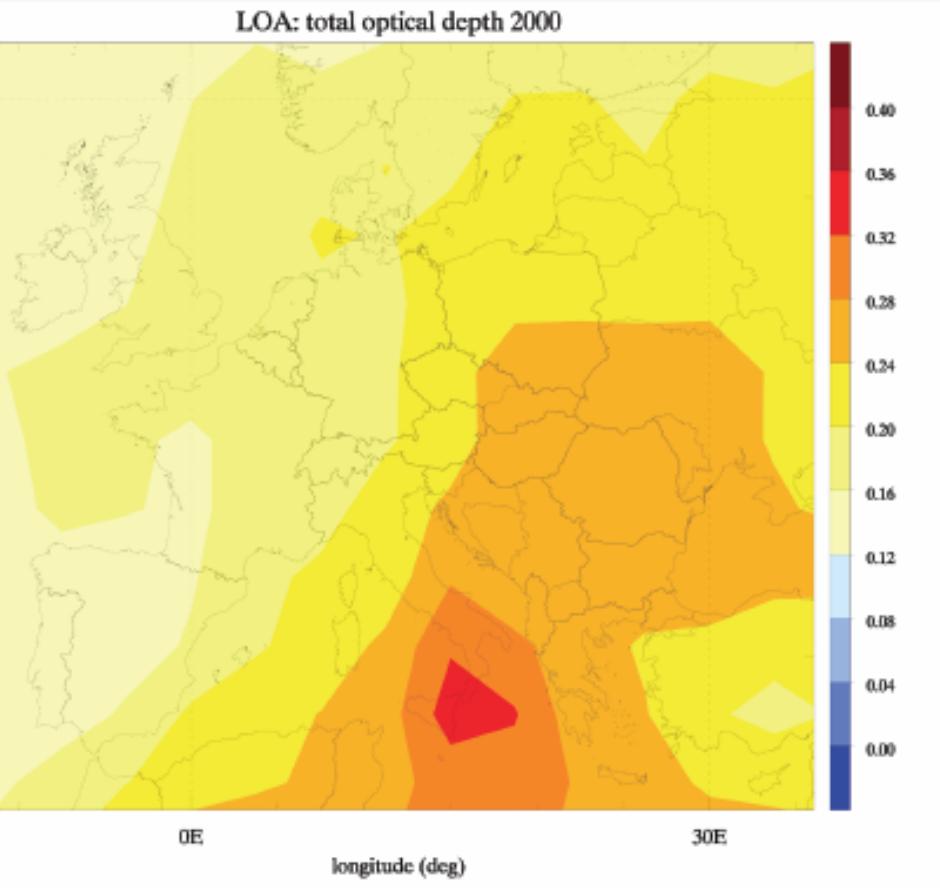
ECHAM5-HAM (M7)



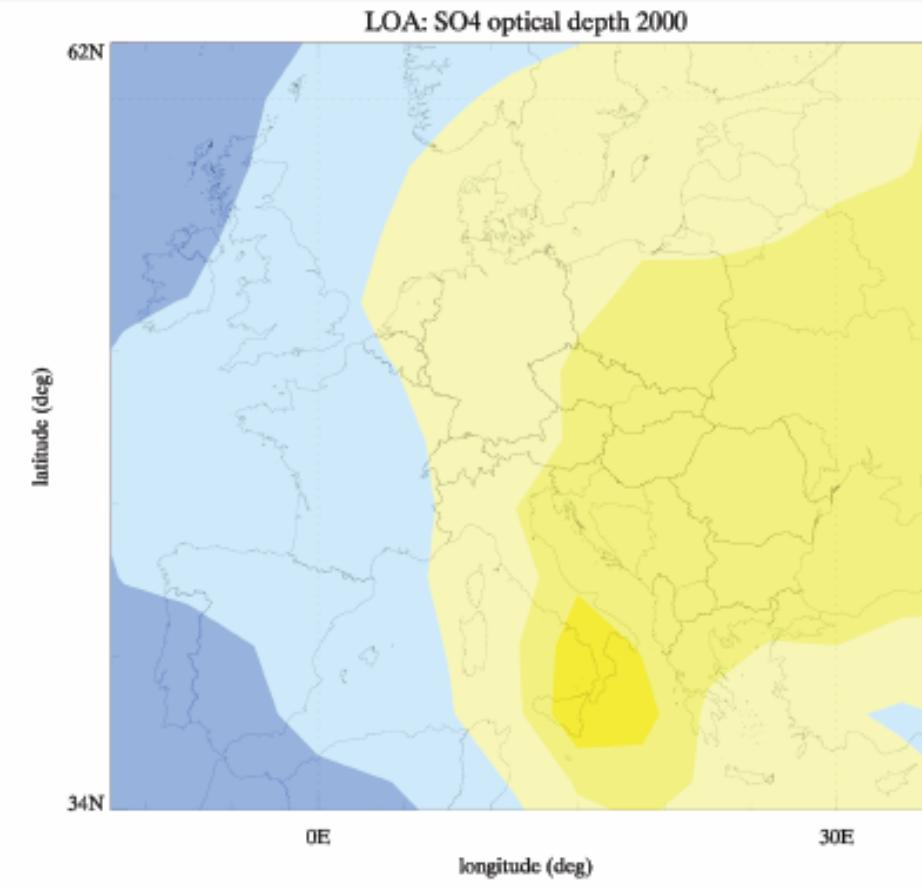
Total AOD 2000

SO₄ AOD 2000 + water

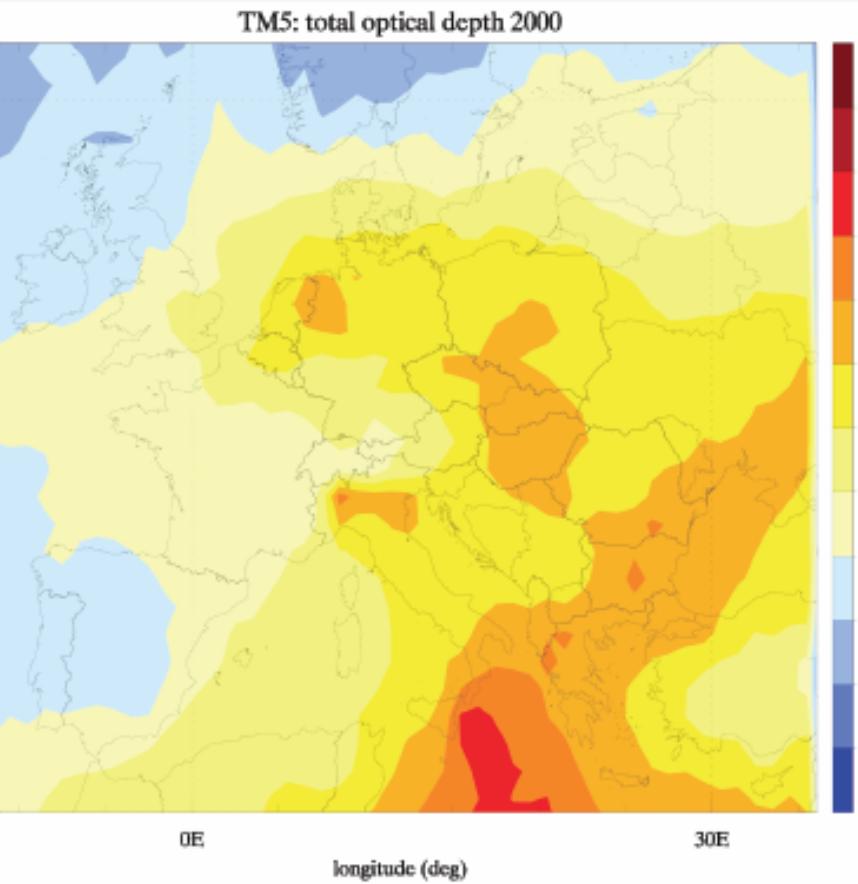
LMDZ-LOA



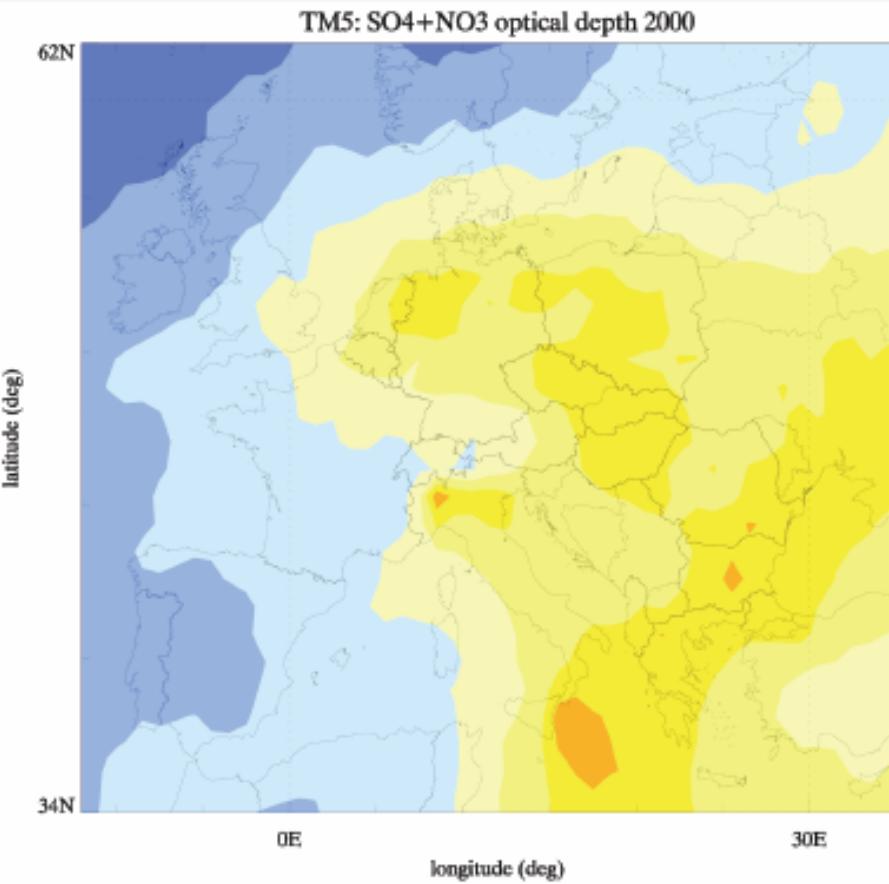
Total AOD 2000



SO₄ AOD 2000 + water

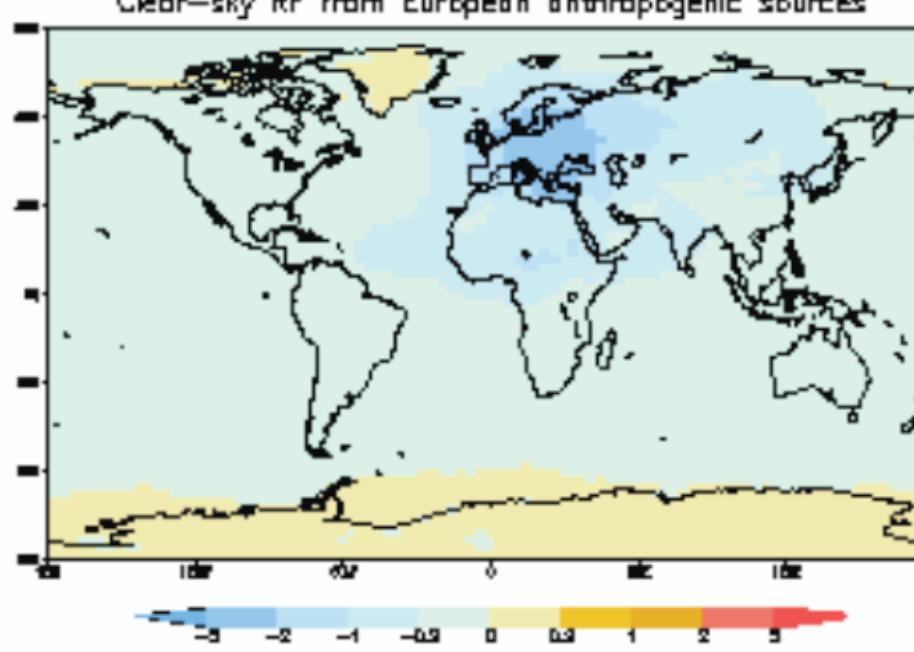


Total AOD 2000

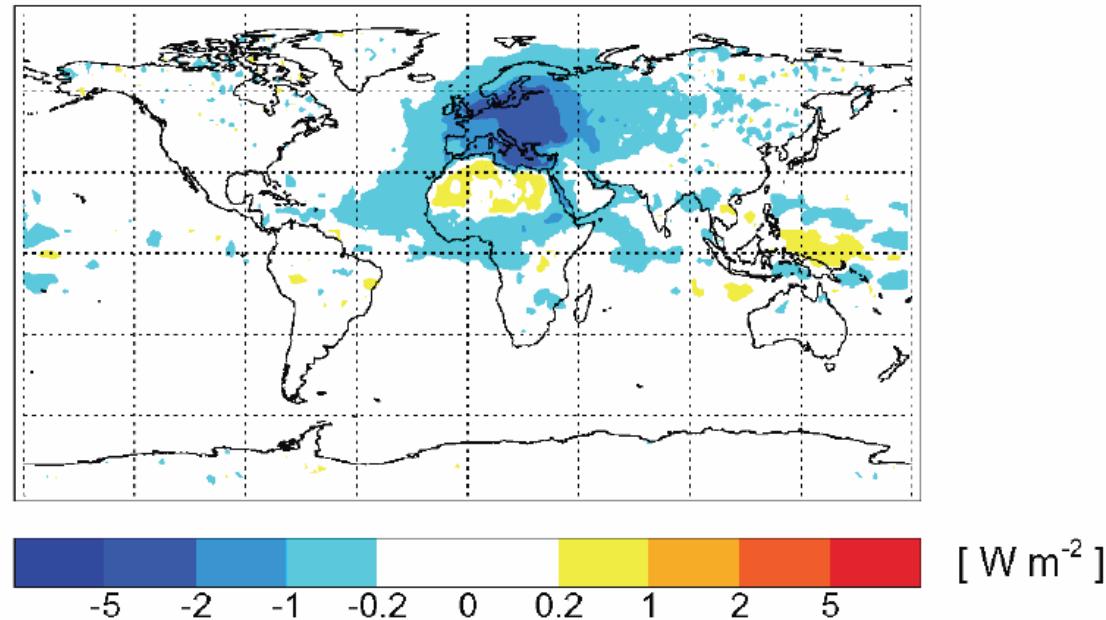


SO₄ + NO₃ AOD 2000 + water

	Europe to Europe			Europe to ROW		
	LOA	HAM	TM5	LOA	HAM	TM5
All AOD	42%	51%	42%	2.3%	1.3%	1.2%
Inorganic	59%	60%	64%	5.5%	5.5%	4.6%
BC	76%	85%	78%	2.8%	2.0%	2.3%
POM	44%	45%	44%	0.7%	0.5%	0.4%



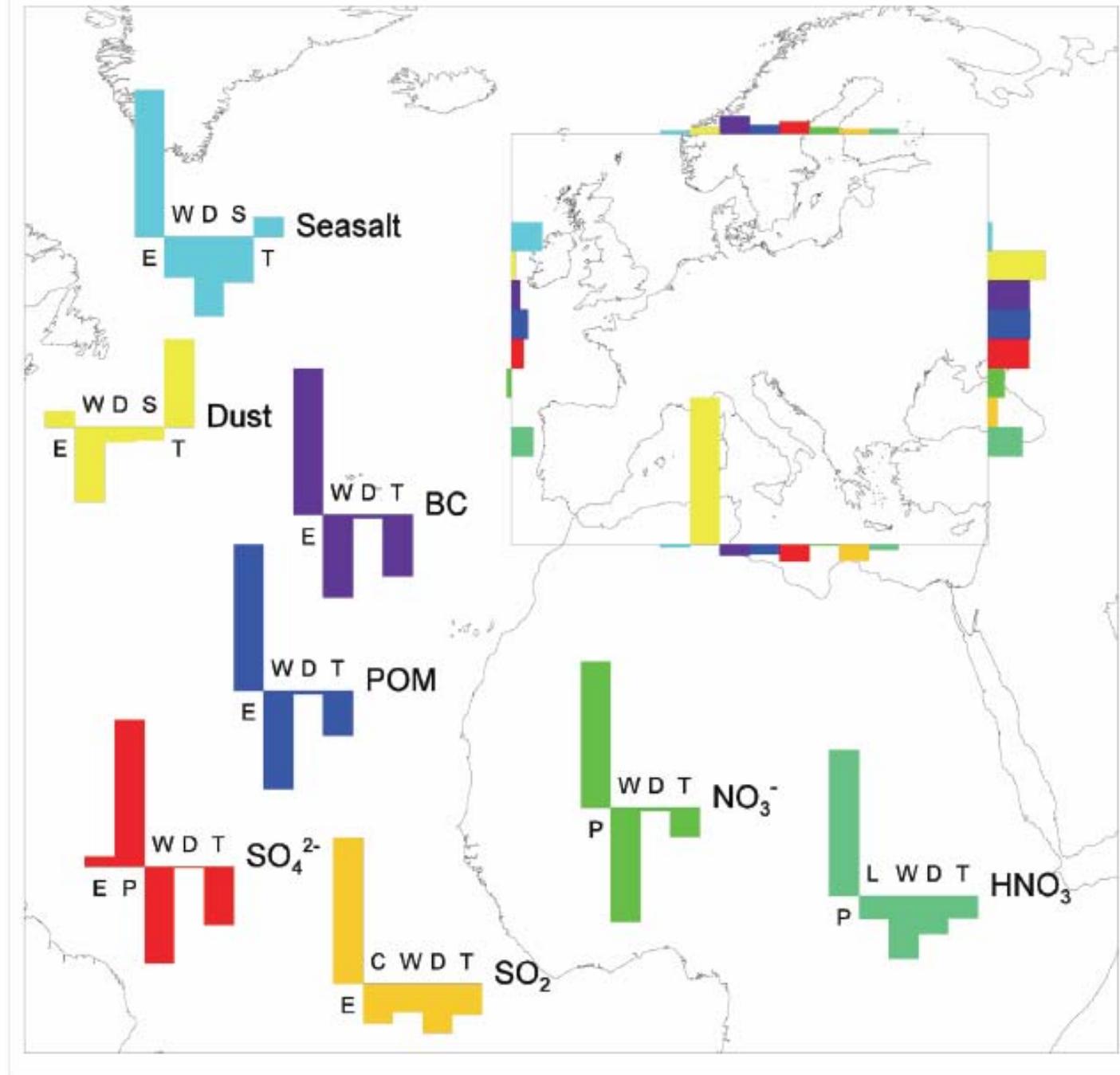
No Anthropogenic European - Clear Sky

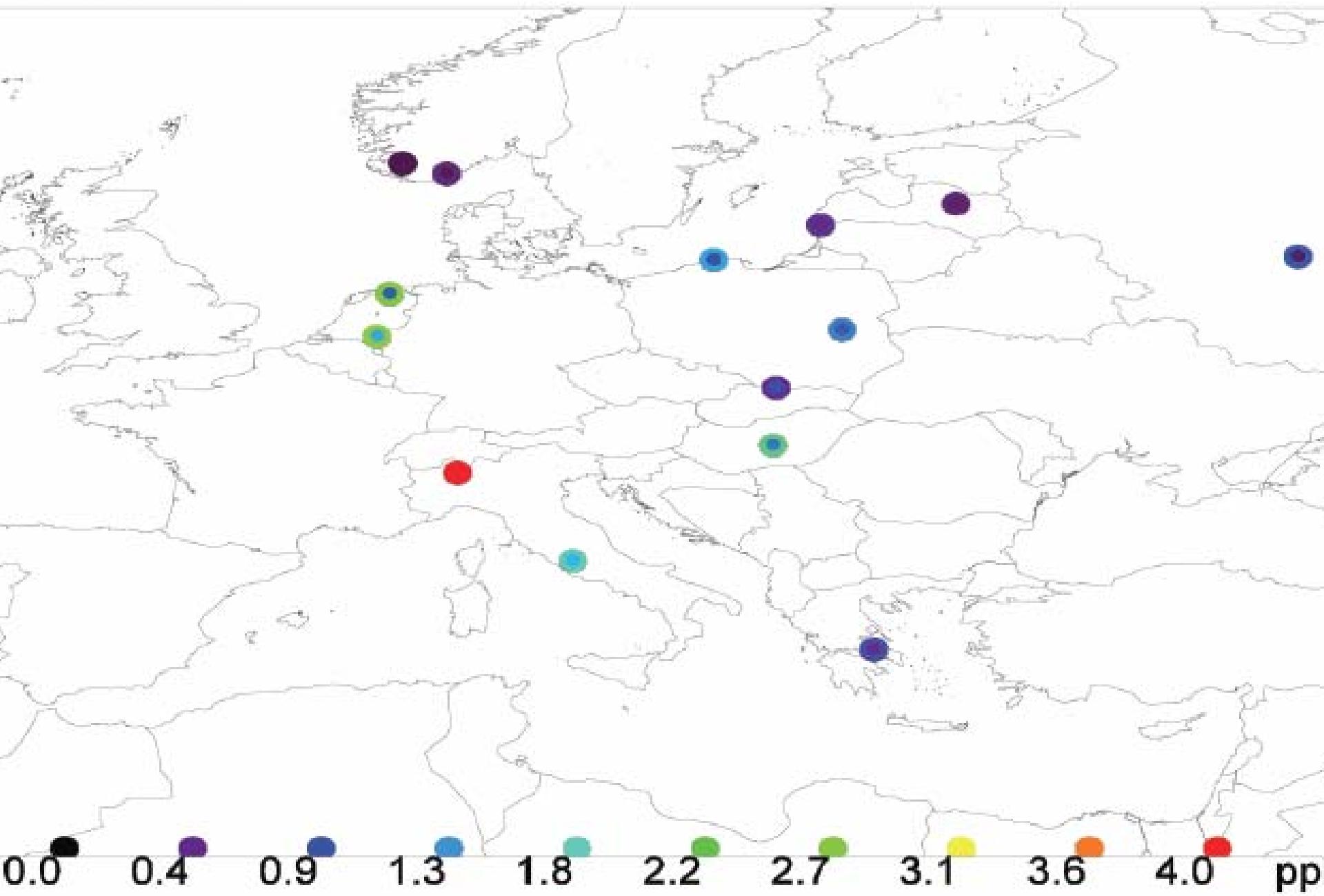


Sulphate	Global (TgS/year)	Europe (GgS/year)	Nitrate	Global (GgN/year)	Europe (GgN/year)																			
Emission	1.4	232	Emission	-	-																			
Chem. Production	48.7	3421	Chem. Production	1027	550																			
Wet Removal LSP	-43.7	-2102	Wet Removal LSP	-973	-414																			
Wet Removal CP	-5.9	-161	Wet Removal CP	-26	-16																			
Dry deposition	-0.5	-26	Dry deposition	-28	-11																			
Transport			Transport																					
		<table border="1"> <tr><td>west</td><td>280</td></tr> <tr><td>east</td><td>-949</td></tr> <tr><td>south</td><td>-408</td></tr> <tr><td>north</td><td>-290</td></tr> <tr><td>total</td><td>-1366</td></tr> </table>	west	280	east	-949	south	-408	north	-290	total	-1366		<table border="1"> <tr><td>west</td><td>-1</td></tr> <tr><td>east</td><td>-6</td></tr> <tr><td>south</td><td>-5</td></tr> <tr><td>north</td><td>-2</td></tr> <tr><td>total</td><td>-1</td></tr> </table>	west	-1	east	-6	south	-5	north	-2	total	-1
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total	-1																							
Mean burden	446 GgS	25 GgS	Mean burden	9.9 GgN	2.75 GgN																			
Lifetime	3.3 days	4.0 days	Lifetime	3.5 days	2.3 days																			

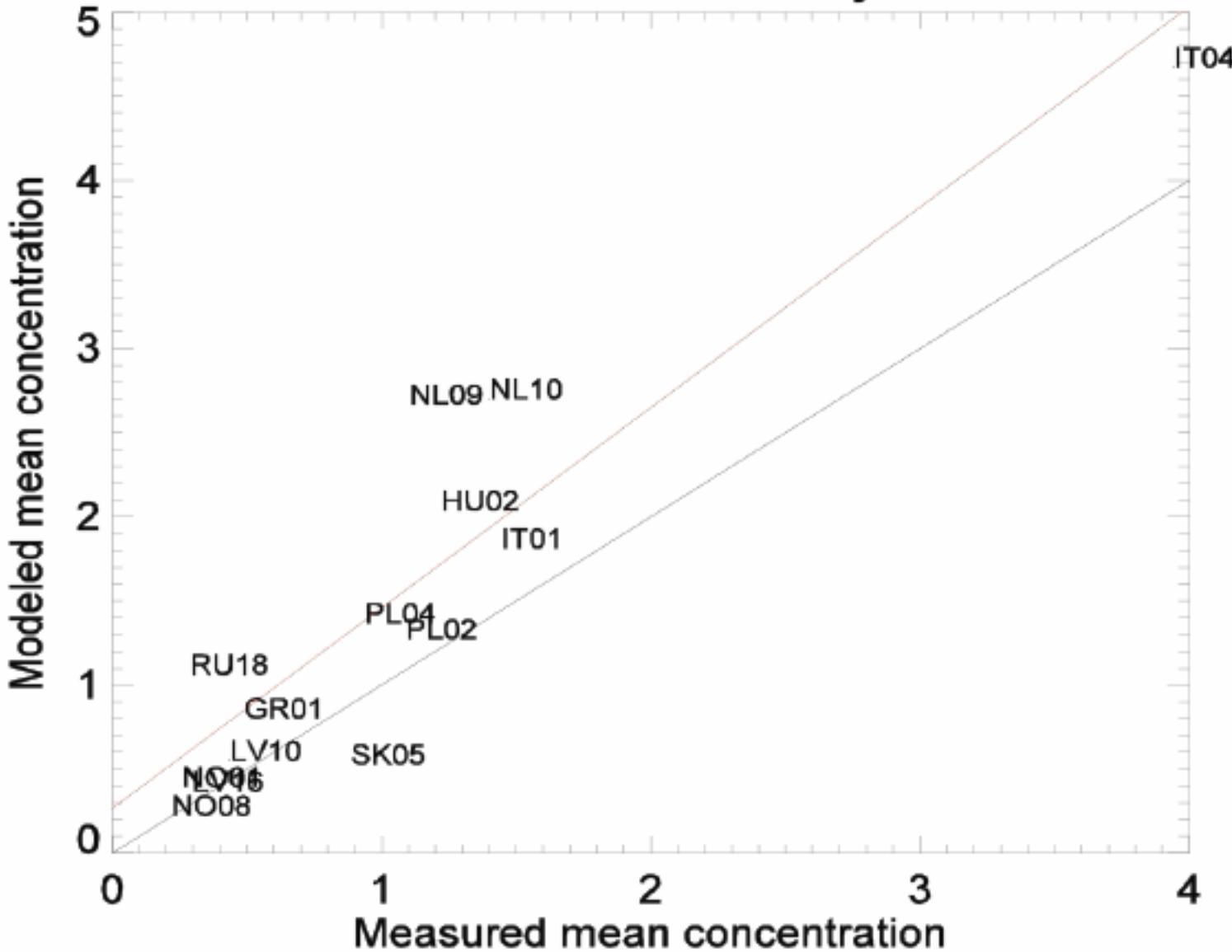
Note: Nitrate formation very resolution dependent

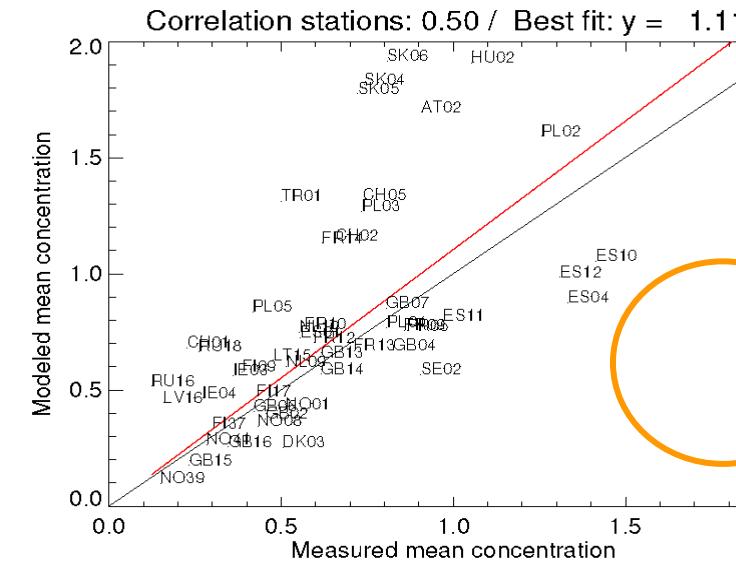
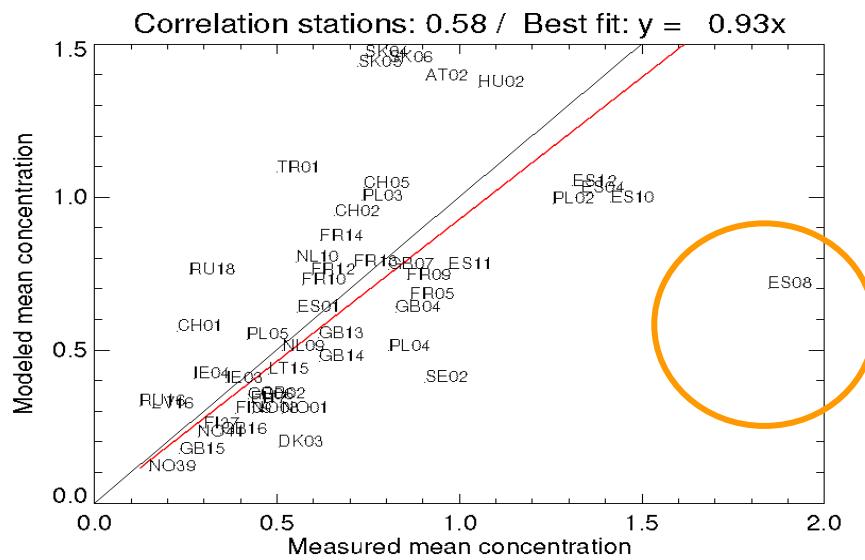
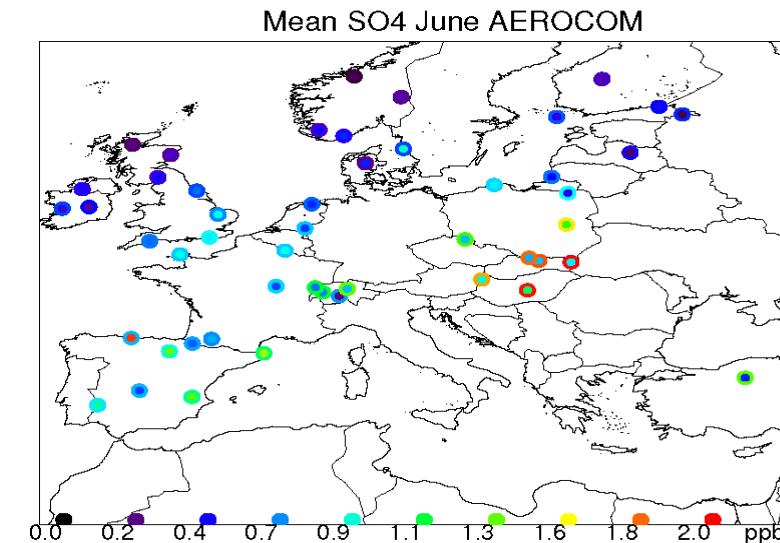
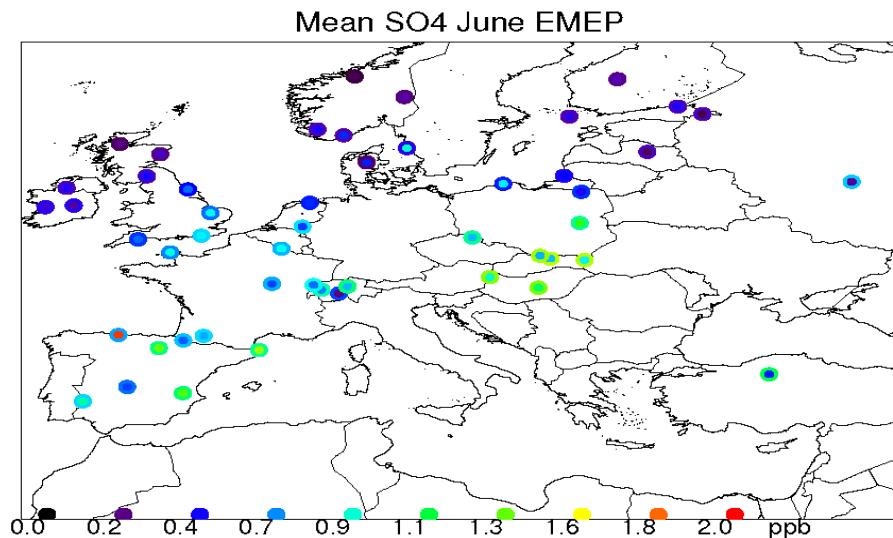
Seasalt	Global (Pg/year)	Europe (Tg/year)	Dust	Global (Tg/year)	Europe (Tg/year)																			
Emission	7.94	87.2	Emission	1681	3.7																			
Wet Removal LSP	-1.04	-20.2	Wet Removal LSP	-256	-16.2																			
Wet Removal CP	-0.29	-4.4	Wet Removal CP	-41	-1.3																			
Dry deposition	-4.02	-47.2	Dry deposition	-592	-3.6																			
Sedimentation	-2.58	-27.2	Sedimentation	-794	-3.2																			
Transport			Transport																					
		<table border="1"> <tr><td>west</td><td>17.9</td></tr> <tr><td>east</td><td>-2.6</td></tr> <tr><td>south</td><td>-1.6</td></tr> <tr><td>north</td><td>-1.9</td></tr> <tr><td>total</td><td>11.8</td></tr> </table>	west	17.9	east	-2.6	south	-1.6	north	-1.9	total	11.8	<table border="1"> <tr><td>west</td><td>0.</td></tr> <tr><td>east</td><td>-1</td></tr> <tr><td>south</td><td>34</td></tr> <tr><td>north</td><td>-1</td></tr> <tr><td>total</td><td>20</td></tr> </table>	west	0.	east	-1	south	34	north	-1	total	20	
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Mean burden	6.3 Tg	0.12 Tg	Mean burden	9.6 Tg	0.29 Tg																			
Lifetime	0.29 days	0.45 days	Lifetime	2.2 days	4.4 days																			



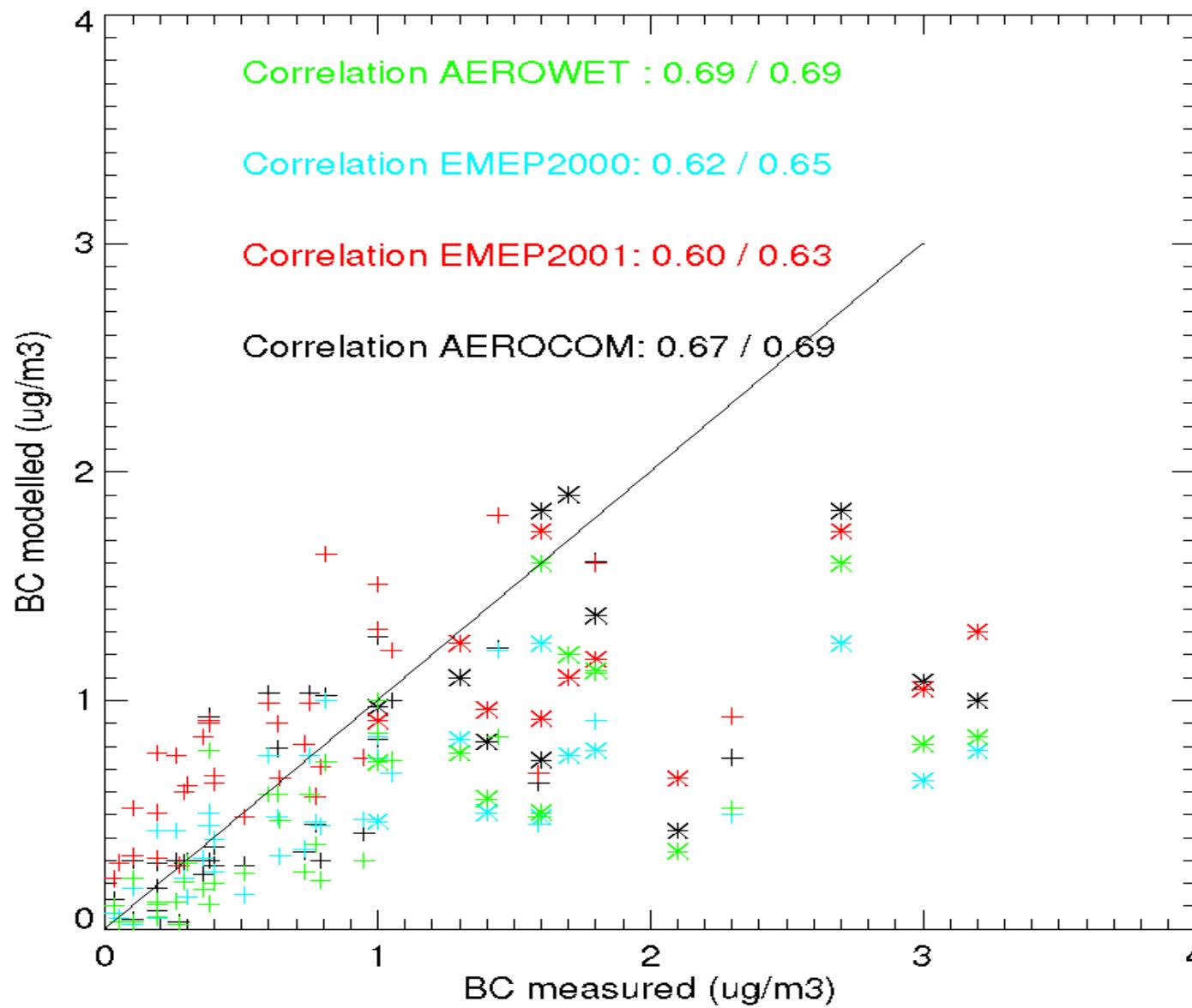


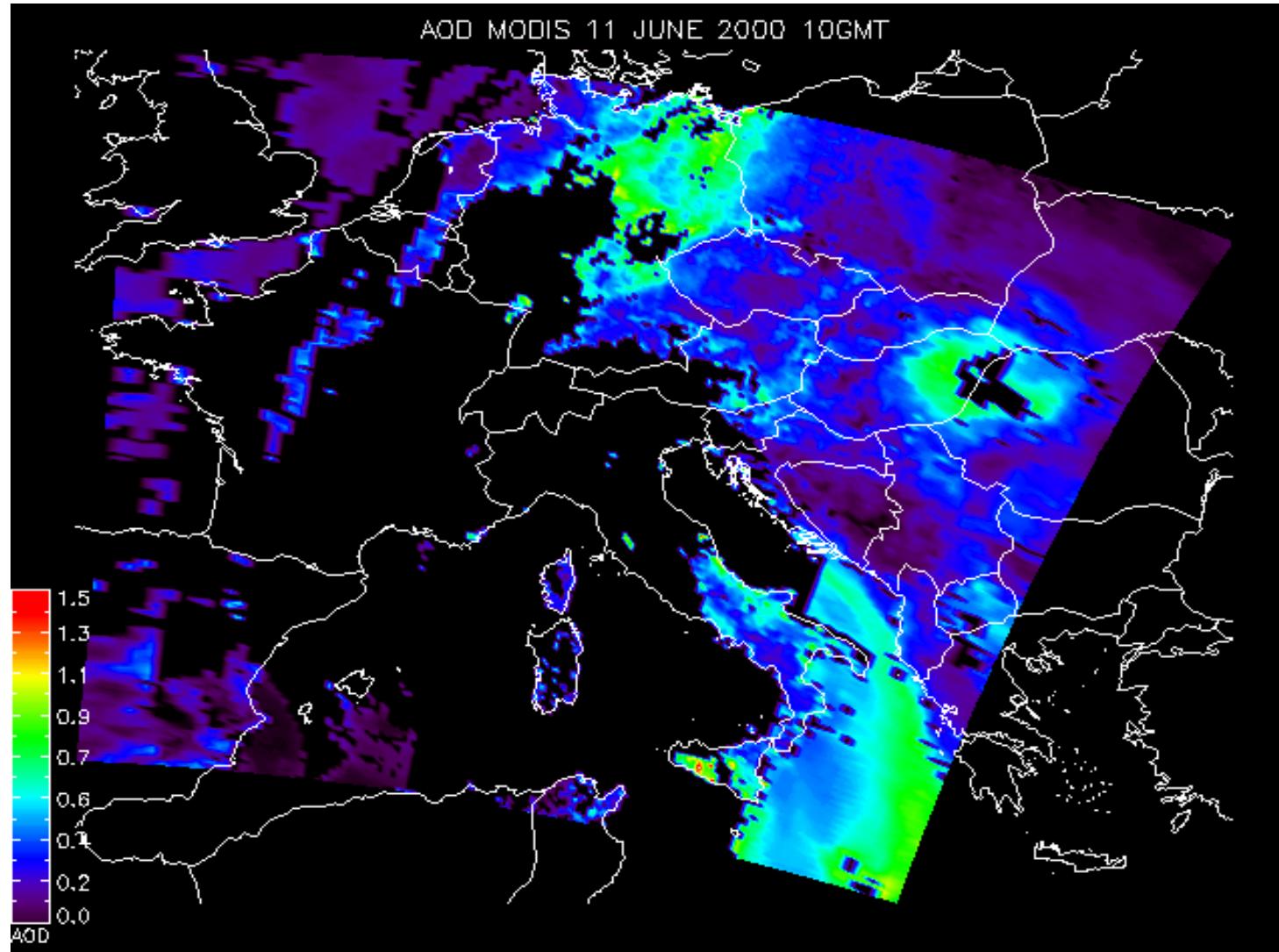
Correlation stations: 0.92 / Best fit: $y = 0.27 + 1.19x$



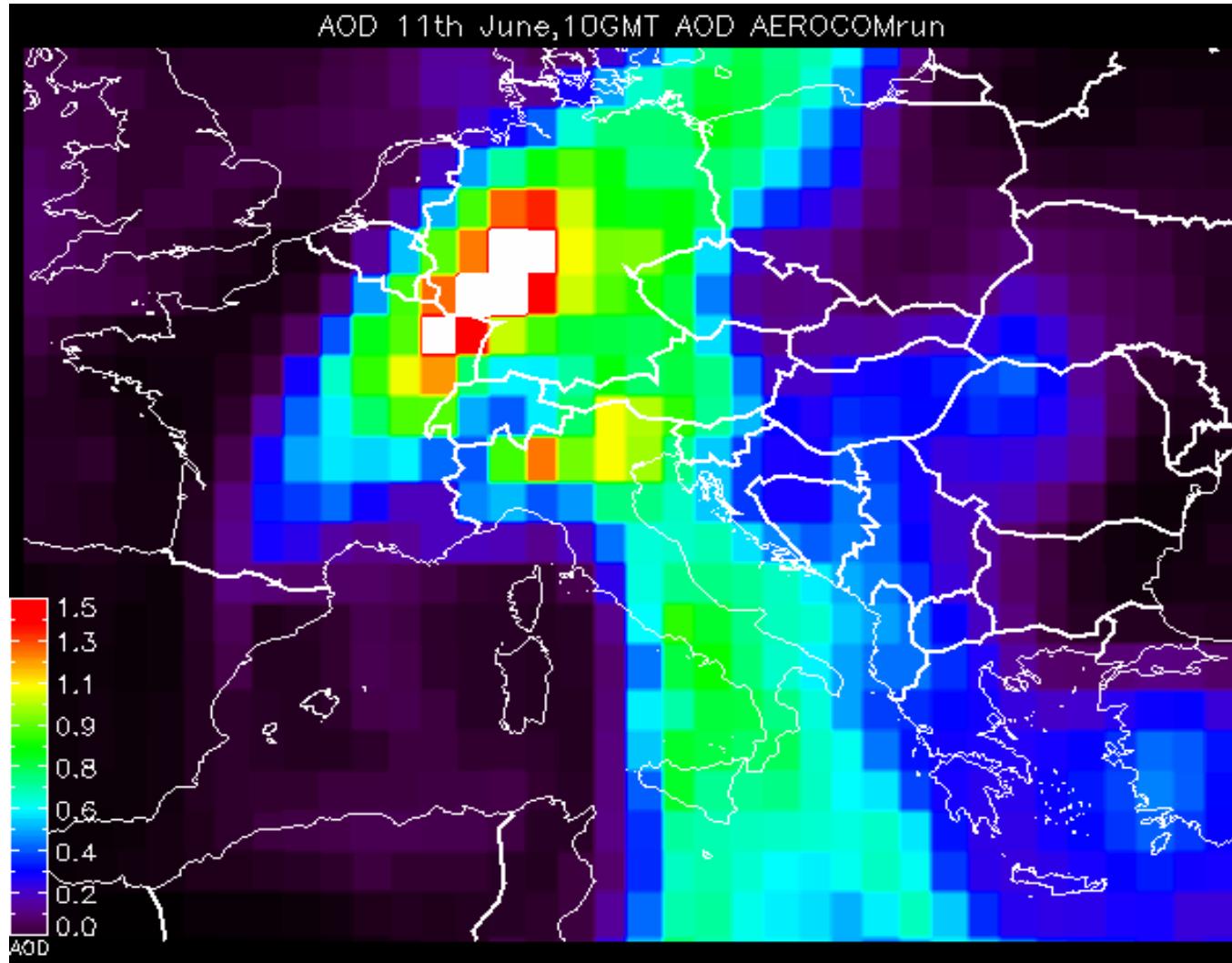


Courtesy: Alex de Meij





Use of satellite data



Main Identified uncertainties

- Water uptake
- Wet removal
- Emissions (seasonal variations)
- Resolution dependencies (mainly nitrate formation)

