AEROSAT Perspectives On Collaboration with Modelling

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AEROSAT Goals (1)

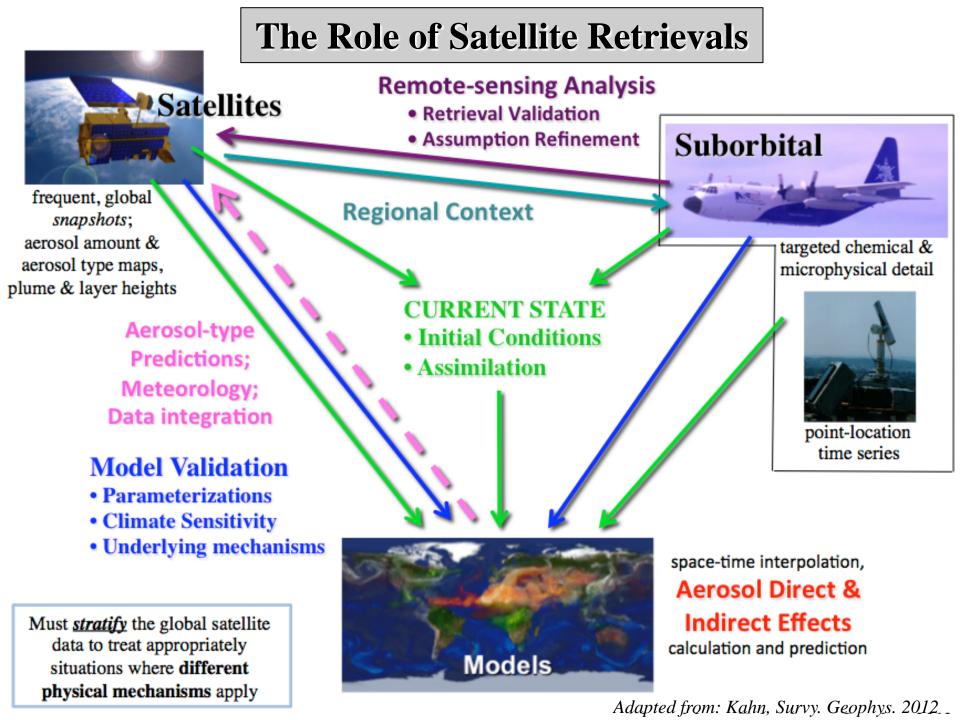
- Work with modelers to make satellite aerosol data as useful as possible for climate modeling (e.g., AeroCom)
- Achieve open and active exchange of information
 - Retrievals and their strengths and limitations
 - Match requirements of users to technical capabilities of the data
 - Share the latest technological advances
 - Work toward inter-operability (data formats, data standards)
- Forum for satellite aerosol retrieval experts
 - Learn from each other, collaborate as appropriate
 - Initiate new developments
 - Discuss harmonization

AEROSAT Goals (2)

- Promote the use of satellite data
 - As complementary to other sources of information
 - To better understand the role of aerosols in climate, climate change, air quality, and atmospheric processes
- Forum includes satellite data users (AEROCOM / CCMI models, ICAP forecasts) and data providers (AERONET reference, space agencies)
 - Listen to each others' needs and limitations
 - Discuss what is possible; Motivate new activities
 - Contribute to integration of satellite & suborbital observations
- AEROSAT is an unfunded network (like AEROCOM)

Challenges for Satellite Aerosol Remote Sensing

- Providing Consistent, Global, 3-D Aerosol Amount and Type products
- Providing *Quantitative, Credible Uncertainty Estimates*
- Producing *Long-term* satellite data records
- Applying satellite datasets to *Constrain* and/or *Validate Models*
- Using Models to supplement measured quantities
- Exploit satellite information content to constrain aerosol type
- Finding CNN proxies
- Using *Multiple Data Sources* to constrain models
- Providing "Deliverables" (results) on zero budget...



Perspectives on Collaboration with Modelers

- Support model-satellite consistency
 - Discuss + publish *definition similarities* & *differences* (Mod + Sat)
 - Provide *aerosol typing information* in a useful form
 Includes application of *optical vs. compositional types*
 - Provide *uncertainty characterization* in a useful form
- Guide the use of satellite datasets
 - Provide a *critical assessment* of strengths and limitations
 - Provide harmonized *quality statements*
 - Create *data-record ensembles* -> report the spread / confidence
- Experiments
 - Involve modelling to tie evaluations to critical variables
 - Develop smart ways to integrate complementary information content

AeroSat in the First Four Years

• Joint Sessions with AeroCom

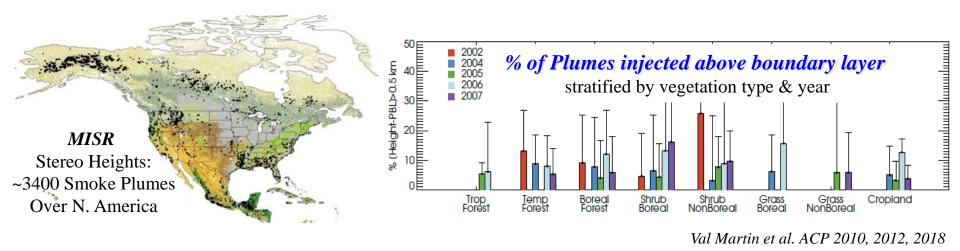
- Needs of modelers $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ Possibilities & limitations of data producers
- Common understanding of definitions
- Internal Retrieval Expert Discussions
 - Principles, *consistent definitions*, strengths / limitations
 - Constraining aerosol type with satellite data
 - Deriving *pixel-level uncertainties*
 - Producing *long-term* satellite data records
 - Satellite capabilities / limitations for *air quality applications*

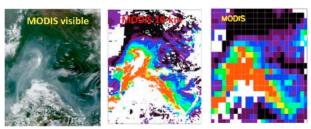
• Summary (draft) outcomes

- Intensified dialogue (among retrieval experts & with modelers)
- List of long-term datasets
- List of inter-comparison studies
- Inventory of aerosol-type products & definitions
- Review of validation metrics (linear regression; confidence intervals, etc.)
- Major advances in assigning *pixel-level uncertainties*
- Satellite constraints on biomass burning injection height & source strength

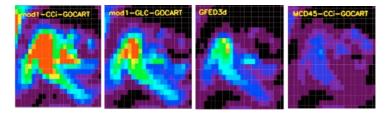
Wildfire Smoke Injection Heights & Source Strengths

[These are the two key parameters representing aerosol sources in climate models]

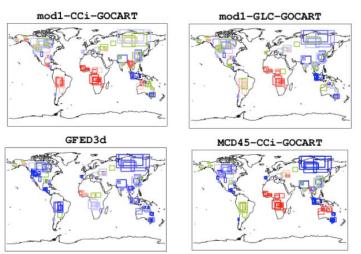




MODIS Smoke Plume Image & Aerosol Amount Snapshots

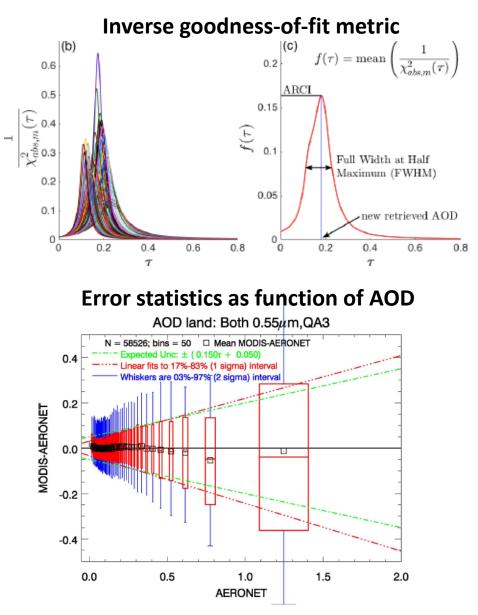


GoCART Model-Simulated Aerosol Amount Snapshots for Different Assumed Source Strengths

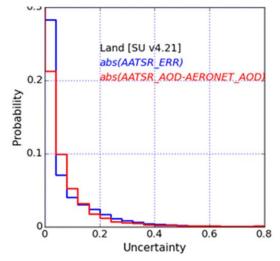


Different Techniques for Assuming Model Source Strength *Overestimate* or *Underestimate* Observation *Systematically* in Different Regions *Petrenko et al., JGR 2012, 2017, 2018*

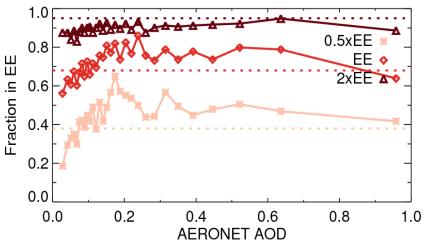
Useful validation metrics



Compliance with uncertainty estimates



Fraction of pixels within error envelope



Modified from: Andrew Sayer, AEROSAT 2016 Beijing

New AeroSat (and AeroCom) Experiment Task groups (2017)

- Aerosol Retrieval Comparison [Kinne, Schuttgens]
- Characterizing retrieval uncertainties [Sayer, Povey, Govaerts, Levy, Patadia, Witek, Kahn, Dubovik, Mei, Rozanov, Thomas, Kolmonen, Stebel, Limbacher, Lyapustin, Popp]
- Joint Remote-Sensing AOD and Type [Kinne, others]
- Connecting model satellite aerosol type [Mona, Kahn, Tsigaridis]
- Constraining Aerosol Vertical Distribution [Winker, Kahn, Nowotnick, Colarco]
- **Consistent multi-sensor trends** [Sogachewa, Schulz, Popp]
- **CCN new approach** [Rosenfeld, Christensen, Bauer, Shanzuka, Stier]

AeroSat 2018

- Continue <u>Discussion</u> of Strengths & Limitations
 - Help guide users dealing with larger / multiple datasets
 - Re-activate GEWEX assessment
 - Experiments to compare
 - How to judge / improve consistency?
 - Aerosol type
 - Progress on translation between satellite and modelling worlds

• AeroSat Experiments

- Assess first set of experiments
- Critical review of what is possible (unfunded)
- Learn from AEROCOM
- Possibilities for contributing to aerosol-cloud interaction studies
- GCOS statement of guidance / requirements